THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LVIII No. 47—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24th, 1919.

DOXSEE & CO.

MILLINERY

We show a nice variety of new styles in Ladies' Hats in all the latest models for winter, in velvet, satin and plush, combined with fur, prices moderate.

Women's Knitted Pullover.

Regular $7.30—Sale Price $5.90

Colors—Rose and Grey, Blue and Grey, Pink and Grey.

NECKWEAR

Collar and Cuff Sets of Organdy, net edged with frills, plain satin and silk collars, square and long rolling effects, vestees with collar attached, in organdy trimmed with lace.

Corsets a Specialty.

The Leading Millinery House

Back Again

—for your—

Hay, Grain and Seeds,

And to SUPPLY you with all kinds of

Grain, Feed and Flour.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

WAR MEMORIAL FOR COUNTY

Any person, firm or Corporation that can supply a monument stone or metal, for a war memorial, are requested to communicate with the undersigned, giving references of previous work of this nature and, if so desiring, submitting plans, prices, etc.,

W. G. WILSON, Co. Clerk

County Lennox & Addington,

16d NAPANEE, ONT.

Bring your stove repair needs to us. Prompt delivery assured. **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

HARTLEY DEWART, K.C.

LETTER OF THANKS

The Referendum Committee of Lennox and Addington wish to express their appreciation of all the hard, consistent and thorough work done by the members of its various branches throughout the counties. The members of the municipal organizations, the captains of polling sub-divisions, and the men and women who canvassed the constituency, and in many cases three times, explaining the ballot and instructing the elector how to mark it, and then working to get the vote out on election day are responsible for the large vote polled, the comparatively few spoiled ballots, and the splendid majority in favor of the four noes.

The Executive Committe take this method of congratulating you on the success of your work.

A complete financial statement will be published when all accounts have been paid and audited.

A. J. WILSON,
Secretary.

—o—

CENTREVILLE

Elections on Monday passed off rather quietly, there being no contest, only the Referendum.

A few of our hunters are preparing for the northern country on Nov. 1st. We wish them success.

Archbishop Spratt, of Kingston held Confirmation service for the R. C. church here on Wednesday morning.

A large crowd from this part attended Thos. Murphy's sale on Wednesday.

Wm. Wilson is having an auction sale on Nov. 6th, of his stock and farming implements.

Michael Kearns has started plowing on his new farm near Erinsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Kearns spent over Sunday at John Cavanaugh's.

There is quite an amount of clover seed in this district this season. Nearly all those who have had their's threshed have sold for a large price.

James McGill has been on the sick list but is now much better.

For pure Black Pepper go to **H. W. KELLY'S.**

Subscribe Now!

[Send it to your friends.]

We will mail

"The Napanee Express"

to any address in Canada from now until 31st Dec. 1920.

Over fourteen months

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Dorenwend's Beautiful Hair Goods Display!

At CAMPBELL HOUSE,

—on—

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 29th

will be of special interest to men and women in need of anything in hairgoods.

OUR SPECIALTIES

TRANSFORMATIONS, POMPADOURS, SWITCHES for Ladies and TOUPEES and WIGS for Gentlemen.

A visit to our show rooms will not obligate you to purchase. Appointments arranged at residence if desired.

DORENWEND'S LIMITED

Head Office: 105 Yonge Street, TORONTO

VICTORY LOAN CAMPAIGN 1919

Commences Monday, Oct. 27th and Closes Nov. 15th.

The objective in Ontario is two hundred and twenty-eight million dollars, and of this amount ninety millions are to be raised in Toronto, and one hundred and thirty-eight million in the rest of the Province. The objective for Lennox and Addington is nine hundred thousand dollars—$900,000.

Just a word as to the object of the loan. The money is required to retire the obligations arising out of the demobilization of our soldiers and their re-establishment and to establish credits for the mother country necessary to market our products.

It is a fact that at the present time there are about eighteen hundred millions in deposit in the banks in addition to thesubscription of 40 million of the last loan, and subscriptions to the various bond issues which have been floated during the year.

The Victory Loan 1919 will be a success because :—The job has to be done ; we have as strong organizations there is no uncertainity as to the business outlook ; there is no idleness ; the Loan is a good investment ; there are no politics in this enterprise; there is a steady market for the Bonds ; production and thrift will be encouraged.

The following organization for Lennox and Addington has been completed :

VICTORY LOAN 1919

The following are the Committee appointed to conduct the Victory Loan Campaign for the County of Lennox and Addington:

Chairman—U. M. Wilson.

Vice-Chairmen—A. B. Carscallen, John G. Daly.

Secretary—G. H. Lapum.

Organizers—S. L. McGinnis, T. H. French.

Chairman special subscriptions—T. B. Wallace.

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE :

J. E. Robinson, Chairman.
A. MacGregor.
G. V. McLean.
W. J. Trenouth.
A. E. Springstead.
Alpine Woods.
E. J. Pollard.
William Templeton.
A. F. Chimeck.
George Tustin
G. S. Reid.
W. H. Boyle.
F. S. Boyes.
Wagar Bros.

HONORARY COMMITTEE :

W. A. Grange, Chairman.
His Honor J. H. Madden.
J. W. Robinson.
W. G. Wilson.
Dr. J. P. Vrooman.
Dr. T. W. Simpson.
Rev. S. Herrington, B.A.
G. F. Ruttan, K.C.
D. H. Preston, K.C.
Geo. D. Hawley.
John F. Walsh.
A. S. Kimmerly.
C. L. Boyes.
Dr. R. A. Leonard.
Thos. Symington.
W. H. Mowtray, Stella.
R. W. Allen, Selby.
Z. E. Grooms, Napanee R.M.D.
Robt. Dowling, Napanee R.M.D.
M. C. Bogart, Napanee R.M.D.
R. Z. Bush, Napanee R.M.D.
Alex. Hewgit, Roblin, R.M.D.
Harold Ryan, Newburgh.
G. A. Aylsworth, Newburgh.
W. W. Adams, Newburgh.
John W. Reid, Enterprise.
Herb. L. Wagar, Enterprise.
Cyrus Edgar, Yarker.
A. W. Benjamin, Yarker.
B. S. O'Loughlin, Yarker.
H. A. Baker, Moscow.
E. VanLuven, Moscow.
Thos. Scanlin, Enterprise.
H. P. Percival, Colebrooke.
W. S. Fenwick, Enterprise.
Edw. Flanncy, Enterprise.
Johnston Cousins, Enterprise.
Johnston Hannah, Enterprise.
A. J. Parks, Enterprise.
Robt. Switzer, Enterprise.
Jacob Clancy, Enterprise.
A. W. Fraser, Odessa.
W. J. Paul, M.P.P., Tamworth.
Jas. Aylsworth, Tamworth.
A. B. Carscallen, Tamworth.
J. E. Harrison, Marlbank.
J. H. Hopkins, Erinsville.
John Scanlin, Tamworth.
Marshall Bebee, Vennachar.
Philip Wensley, Wensley.
Walter Thompson, Slate Falls.
Paul Stein, Denbigh.
R. W. Kimmerly, Flinton.
Wm. Both, Northbrooke.
Hawley Stone, Flinton.
John A. Shier, Tamworth.
R. A. Fowler, Emerald.
Samuel Miller, Stella.
Jas. R. Gibson, Emerald.
D. Caughey, Stella.
Parker Walker, Napanee R.M.D.
Dr. H. B. Northmore, Bath.
Max Robinson, Bath.
Chas. Drury, Bath.
Dr. J. E. Mabee, Odessa.
Arlie Loyst, Bath.
Robt. Miller, Wilton.
John Spafford, Napanee R.M.D.
Robt. Brethen, Napanee, R.M.D.
Clark Walker, Napanee R.M.D.
Wm. Forsythe, Napanee R.M.D.
David Aylsworth, Bath R.M.D.
John A. Hall, Napanee R.M.D.
Peter Weese, Bath R.M.D.
W. C. T. Loyst, Bath R.M.D.
C. B. Brethen, Napanee R.M.D.
C. W. Hendry, Napanee.
Joseph Allison, Adolphustown.
Mark Trumpour, Dorland.
Joseph Haycock, Adolphustown
Thos. Chalmers, Dorland.
Harry Johnston, Sillsville.
J. A. Peterson, Napanee R.M.D.
John Fitchett, Sillsville.
Arthur Loyst, Sillsville.
Geo. Hunt, Bath R.M.D.
John L. Smith, Napanee RMD.
Edda McCabe, Napanee, R.M.D.
A. B. Sexsmith, Napanee R.M.D.
Thos. Gould, Napanee R.M.D.
Arch. Peterson, Napanee,RMD.
Alex. Jaynes, Napanee R.M.D.
Wm. Goodwin, Napanee R.M.D.
Asal Schryver, Napanee R.M.D.
Arch. Parks, Napanee R.M.D.
A. C. Parks, Napanee R.M.D.
J. P. Cuthill, Napanee, R.M.D.
Nelson Hart, Napanee R.M.D.

SIR WILLIAM HEARST.

John Hambly, Napanee R.M.D.
Joseph Hicks, Napanee R.M.D.
Wm. Nolan, Napanee R.M.D.
Fred Bogart, Napanee R.M.D.
Ezra Huffman, Napanee R.M.D.
Carleton Woods, Roblin.

These men, with the exception of three or four who are necessarily devoting their entire time to the work, have consented to link themselves up with this great campaign, and spend a great deal of time and energy in the work, simply from a patriotic motive, and a desire to see Canada carry on.

THE CANVASSERS ARE AS FOLLOWS :

Town of Napanee—
F. S. Boyes.
M. P. Graham.
North Fredericksburgh, and
North Adolphustown—
Jas. E. Robertson, R.M.D. 3 Napanee.
C. Hawley, Napanee.
South Fredericksburgh, and
South Adolphustown—
Geo. Switzer, R.M.D. 1, Bath.
W. D. Roblin, R.M.D. 1, Bath.
Amherst Island—
L. R. Neilson, Stella.
Ernestown
including Village of Bath—
R. W. Longmore, R.M.D. Wilton.
R. J. Smith, Odessa.
F. G. Young, Bath.
Richmond—
Milford Dupree, R.M.D. 6, Napanee.
W. Merle Sills, R.M.D. 6, Napanee.
Camden, including Village of Newburgh—
Thos. I. Winter, Newburgh.
Joseph Taite, R.M.D. ,Moscow.
P. J. Murphy, Enterprise.
E. W. Lochhead, R.M.D. Enterprise.
Sheffield—
W. Redden, Tamworth.
Kaladar, Anglesea and Effingham—
C. G. Thompson, Northbrooke.

A public Mass Meeting will be held in Napanee, at the town hall, on Tuesday, October 28th, at 8.15 p.m. Prominent speakers will address the meeting. Everybody welcome.

—o—

Why let an amateur do your photographic work when you can have the services of a Toronto expert at no more cost and a certainty of no flims being spoiled. Mail orders receive prompt attention—WALLACE'S, the leading Drug Store.

—o—

LORD MAYORS MUST BE RICH.

Have to Show They Can Afford to Spend $50,000 a Year.

Those people who imagine that a Lord Mayor has a well-paid job with £10,000 and a baronetcy thrown in, make a sad mistake, says Spare Moments. Supposing a man with insufficient means, in order to satisfy a life-long ambition, were tempted to try to scrape through somehow, the City Council takes good care to vero his plan—partly for his own sake, and partly for the sake of all those who may be independent upon the would-be Lord Mayor, or who have business dealings with him.

The fact that he has at last become eligible for the chief magistracy is some evidence of pecuniary capacity, since he must have been aldeman for about ten years, at an annual cost to himself of £400 or £500, and he must also have been sheriff which will have cost him from £2,000 to £3,500. But being Lord Mayor is, after all, a different matter, and the city demands that the most convincing proof of the candidate's financial standing shall be afforded to it.

Before the time for his election comes, a secret sitting of the Court of Aldermen is held, and at this sitting the alderman who is next in rotation for the chair practically lays bare to his brethren his financial position. He produces proof that he is in possession of means which will warrant him in spending £10,000 over and above his allowance without impoverishing his family. If his brother aldermen are satisfied all is well.

Needless to say, the giving of such information is a very serious matter to a city magnate, but the secrets he discloses after he has thus "given bond" are never under any circumstances told outside. It would go ill with any alderman who became a traitor to this absolutely secret court.

—o—

Be sure and get your name on our mailing list for the one cent sale at Wallace's Oct. 30, 31st, and Nov. 1st. We will mail you a full list.

—o—

Huffman's Goitre Cure, the greatest thick neck remedy known. Treatment only costs about 25c. per week. Write for circular — WALLACE'S Drug Store, Napanee, sole agents.

THE ELECTIONS IN LENNOX

R. A. Fowler, Conservative, Re-Elected with a Good Majority.

The result in Lennox was no surprise to anyone who studied the situation. Mr. Fowler, the successful candidate, was running on a straight Conservative ticket upholding the government, while Messrs. Brethen and Woods were both running as opposition candidates with almost identical platforms. Had either Mr. Woods or Mr. Brethen been alone in the field the result would have been the opposite and either one could have been returned with a larger majority than Mr. Fowler received.

The opposition to the Government was split and the government supporters voted solidly for their candidate. It is pretty freely admitted, even by the elected member, that Mr. Woods would have been elected with a good majority but for the appearance of Mr. Brethen in the field at the last moment.

The Referendum vote, as was expected, was overwhelming "No" and the Referendum Committee and Temperance workers are to be congratulated on the magnificent result of the voting.

Richmond Poll No. 5, which was organized for temperance by Mr. Woods, gave the largest proportionate vote in the county, nearly 19 to 1 for temperance.

We are unable to give the complete vote on the referendum as the complete returns are not yet in all m. The figures given are as nearly correct as it is possible to give them at present.

	Brethen	Fowler	Woods
Amherst Is. 1-2	87	162	86
Bath	20	75	64
Adolphustown 1	107	63	45
" 2	41	3	11
Ernestown 1	77	46	35
" 2	127	112	59
" 3	80	62	58
" 4	93	73	33
" 5	109	105	49
" 6	92	65	58
North Fred. 1	79	63	56
" 2	71	84	84
" 3	44	127	116
South Fred. 1	110	81	37
" 2	74	87	60
Richmond 1	46	76	56
" 2	43	94	50
" 3	78	106	125
" 4	14	71	57
" 5	25	88	133
West Ward 1A	6	67	77
" B	2	25	49
West Ward 2	4	87	85
" B	9	77	52
Centre Ward 1A	5	83	92
" B	3	44	92
Centre Ward 2A	9	98	121
" B	6	48	54
East Ward A	14	76	85
" B	14	54	49

Majority for Fowler—290.

THE REFERENDUM MAJORITY

For the whole County

	YES	NO
Question 1	1189	6130
Question 2	1296	6063
Question 3	1270	6082
Question 4	1667	5705

Majorities by Townships for Referendum—

Adolphustown 1	205
Adolphustown 2	192
Adolphustown 3	194
Adolphustown 4	161
Bath 1	124
Bath 2	111
Bath 3	101
Bath 4	90
Camden 1	961
Camden 2	903
Camden 3	921
Camden 4	759
Ernestown 1	1030
Ernestown 2	1093
Ernestown 3	996
Ernestown 4	906
Flinton, Northbrooke, Cloyne and Barrie	332
"	323
"	305
"	272
South Fredericksburgh	337
South Fredericksburgh	410
South Fredericksburgh	368
South Fredericksburgh	277
North Fredericksburgh	257
North Fredericksburgh	237
North Fredericksburgh	239
North Fredericksburgh	205
Newburgh	125
Newburgh	109
Newburgh	119
Newburgh	109
Richmond	847
Richmond	837
Richmond	825
Richmond	741
Sheffield	335
Sheffield	314
Sheffield	316
Sheffield	220
Town of Napanee	749
Town of Napanee	710
Town of Napanee	739
Town of Napanee	715

The proportionate vote for the counts as far as heard from is over five to one "NO"

—o—

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the members of the Centreville Agricultural Society, for the purpose of selecting a site for the fairs and exhibitions of the society will be held at the **Town Hall, Centreville, on Thursday, October 30th, 1919,** at seven o'clock p.m., of which all persons concerned are hereby required to take notice.

JOS. TAIT, Sec.-Treas ..
ALF. MILLIGAN, Pres.

Dated at Centreville, Oct. 7, 1919. 45-c

—o—

Bring your basket to Wallace's one cent sale on Oct 30, 31st, and Nov. 1st—Thursday, Friday, and Saturday.

YOUR FUTURE

No one knows what the future holds—therefore the necessity for saving.

Money in the bank is your safeguard against the uncertainty of the future.

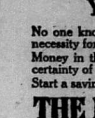
Start a savings account NOW with

THE DOMINION BANK 574

NAPANEE BRANCH

F. COTTLE, . . Manager.

Teach the Children to Save



Habits are acquired early in life. Children, who are taught the value of money and the habit of saving, grow up into good business men and capable women.

The easiest way to teach children to save, is to start a Savings Account for each child ($1.00 each is sufficient). After a child has saved another dollar he makes an additional deposit, he or she will have a better appreciation of just what a dollar stands for, and how much work and self-denial it represents.

THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal. OF CANADA Established 1864.

Napanee Branch, . . E. R. Checkley, Manager.
Yarker, Verona and Parham Branches, J. W. McClymont, Manager.
Tamworth Branch, . . S. D. Whaley, Manager.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Incorporated 1869
Head Office, Montreal

Capital Paid Up.....$16,000,000
Reserve Funds.....17,000,000

Sir Herbert Holt, President
E. L. Pease, Vice-Pres., and Man. Dir.
C. E. Neill, General Manager.
Stuart Strathy, Supervisor of Ontario Branches.

Money transferred by telegraph or mail. Drafts issued on all parts of the world.

Napanee Branch—
R. G. H. Travers, Mgr.
Bath Branch—
G. W. Cuppage, Mgr.
Odessa Branch—
R. Ryckman, Mgr.
Enterprise Branch—
F. J. Hunter, Mgr.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LENNOX

Legislative Election of 13th and and 20th October, 1919

NOTICE is hereby given that Carleton Woods, candidate at the said election has appointed Alpine Woods, of the Town of Napanee, manufacturer, as his official agent, under the Ontario Election Act.

Dated this 13th day of October, A.D., 1919.

G. F. RUTTAN,
Returning Officer.

AUCTION SALE

There will be sold by Public Auction, on **Monday, the Third day of November,** at one o'clock in the afternoon, on the farm formerly owned by the late Mately Jones, now occupied by George Scott, about two and a half miles west of Napanee, the following farm stock and implements, goods and chattels : 10 milch cows, 6 calves, 1 brooding sow, 12 pigs, 1 sulky plow, 1 binder, 1 mower, 1 horse rake, 1 fanning mill, 1 pair scales, harness, milk can, and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS—Joint Approved Notes payable in six months with interest at 6 per cent.

For particulars apply to T. B. GERMAN.

S. W. CLARK, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALES

There will be sold at the farm of Parker Waite, 3½ mile east of Bath, on Monday, November 17th, at 12.30 o'clock, all of the farm stock, implements, and household effects, including two horses, seven cows and the usual farm machinery, a quantity of lumber and logs, and saw mill machinery. Usual terms.

The undersigned auctioneer has received instructions from Mr. Ford Russell to sell by Public Auction, at his premises, lot 5, in the 5th con. of Richmond, Lennox County, on Wednesday, October 29th, 1919, at 1 p.m. sharp, the following : 2 span of bay horses, 1 chestnut mare, 1 pair sucking colts, 4 colt rising 2 years old, 7 milch cows, 3 2-year old heifers, 1 lumber wagon, 1 spring wagon, 1 buggy, 1 disc harrow, 1 13-tooth cultivator and seeder, 1 shoe drill, 1 gang plow, 1 Perrin walking plow, 1 mower 7 ft. cut, (Deering), 1 set tobogans, a quantity of hay and grain. Usual terms. **Ford Russell, Owner ; G. H. Kingsley, Auctioneer.**

—o—

The daily use of Germicidal Soap will protect your children from many contagious diseases. Also a splendid remedy for Eczema and skin eruptions of all kinds. 25c. per cake, at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

NAPANEE BRANCH

R. R. WHITTAKER, MANAGER

BRANCHES ALSO AT
BELLEVILLE, BLOOMFIELD, BRIGHTON, CAMDEN EAST, NEWBURGH, PICTON, SELBY, TRENTON, WELLINGTON.

SERVICE.—This Bank, for the past 45 years, has done its share in the development of the business of the Dominion. Our experience and equipment are at the service of every customer.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

NAPANEE BRANCH

R. R. WHITTAKER, MANAGER

BRANCHES ALSO AT
BELLEVILLE, BLOOMFIELD, BRIGHTON, CAMDEN EAST, NEWBURGH, PICTON, SELBY, TRENTON, WELLINGTON.

Some Valuable Farms FOR SALE

Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

WANTED—General Servant. Apply MRS. W. P. DEROCHE, East Street. 46tf

GOOD GENERAL HOUSE MAID WANTED.—Apply to MRS. C. I. MAYBEE. 42tf

FOR SALE—Lot No. 10, West side Robert street, Napanee. Desirable property. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 34tf

HOUSE FOR SALE—That desirable 1½ Brick Double House, corner Bridge and Adelphi Streets. Apply to M. R. MILLS. 1tf

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of good able farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN 42-tf

STORE TO RENT — Desirable store on Dundas Street, next to Smith's Jewelry Store. Possession after Oct. 20th. Apply to A. H. SCHRYVER, R. R. 2, Napanee. 45tf

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One Stool Store on Dundas Street ; one Store House and Evaporator, on Water Street. Apply to Thos. Symington. 6tf

PURE BRED—Large English Berkshire Boar for service, also one York-shire. Both in prime of service. A. McCUTCHEON, Roblin, Ont. 14-1

STRAY CALF — Came to the premises of M. P. Hudgins, Selby, on or about July 19th. Will owner kindly call for same, prove property and pay expenses. 46

TO RENT— The brick building on the market square, known as the Jennings Hotel. Suitable for store or dwelling. Possession Nov. 1st. Apply C. A. WISEMAN. 44-tf

FOR SALE—Three piece black walnut bedroom furniture, marble top. New plated ware, knives, forks and spoons. All stone house on Donald street. J. T. MILSAP. 46-tf

LOST—On the Picton fair grounds, Wednesday, Sept. 10th, a large Cameo Brooch, with chain attached. Keep same, finder liberally rewarded. Enquire at this office. 45-2p

FOR SALE—Brick House on East Street, home of the late Dr. G. C. T. Ward, large garden, barn, all modern conveniences. Would make a splendid doubler. For further information, enquire of MRS. WARD, Napanee. 36-tf

FOR SALE OR RENT—Brick residence, corner Bridge and East streets, now occupied by the undersigned. Modern improvements, good condition. Price reasonable to quick buyer. Selling account of removal to Belleville. EDGERTON L. VAN LUVEN. 46-tf

FARM FOR SALE— 117 Acres, lot 21 in the 3rd concession of South Fredericksburg. Rich clay loam, free from stones. Good buildings and fences ; 6 good wells. About 300 Columbian Berry Bushes, also other small fruits. One and a half miles from Fredericksburgh Station ; six and a half miles from Napanee ; rural mail, and Telephone ; place formerly owned by John Milling. For particulars apply to LEO. OHLMAN, ton premises in R. M. D. No. 2, Napanee, Ont. 46tf

Nothing charged and no goods delivered at Wallace's one cent sale.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD,
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

W. G WILSON,
BARRISTER,
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.
OFFICE — North Side Dundas Street
Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE
Barristers, etc.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. E. GERMAN,
Barrister and Solicitor,
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street, Napanee

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, etc.
Member Ontario College of Physicians and Surgeons
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between Victoria and Robert Streets, Napanee. 41tf

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES
of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS
'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

CREW DID NOT MUTINY.

Newfoundland Sailors Exonerated by British Consul.

PHILADELPHIA, Penna., Oct. 21.—The four survivors of the crew of the British schooner Onato, who were charged with piracy in connection with Bolo Bolivan, of the American steamship Zirkel, were exonerated by T. P. Porter, the British Consul, after an enquiry into the charges. They will be sent to their homes in Newfoundland in a few days as ship-wrecked seamen.

The four survivors, Thomas Moulton, Ernest Pizzaro, Douglas Nicholls and Lorenzo Ash, drifting helplessly in their little craf, were picked up by the Zirkel in mid-ocean Oct. 8, and the schooner set adrift. Capt. Brushett, master of the Onato, and his brother, Ernest, the first mate, had been killed. Believing there had been a mutiny on board, Capt. Porter, of the rescue ship, placed the survivors in irons and turned them over to the authorities upon his arrival here last Thursday.

After the enquiry Mr. Porter stated he was satisfied there were no grounds for the allegation of foul play and that the testimony had convinced him that Capt. Brushett and his brother were killed while working on the hold of the vessel on October 5, in an effort to free the pumps. The little craft was battling against a heavy gale, he said, and the cargo of salt shifted and buried the captain and mate. Nicholls also was buried in the wash, but managed to extricate himself. Three days later, according to the testimony, the other four members of the crew opened the hatches and found the bodies under seven feet of salt. They were buried at sea.

As to the supposed fight Captain Sullivan claimed to have seen when he was approaching the disabled schooner, the survivors testified that they believed the Zirkel, which had broken its steering gear, was going to abandon them and that their frantic efforts to attract the attention of the steamer probably had the appearance of a fight. All four men said they had been close friends of Captain Brushett and his brother for years.

Mr. Porter has sent a letter of thanks to Captain Sullivan and other members of the Zirkel crew for rescuing the sailors.

The Onato was bound from Oporto, Spain, for a Newfoundland port.

The New Zealand House has passed the bill whereby New Zealand accepts the mandate for Samoa.

Ramela, a ten-year-old Arab, won the 200-mile race for United States cavalry horses. The horses in the race lost from forty to seventy pounds in the contest.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflamation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

TROTZKY IS DEFIANT

Great Battle Now in Progress for Petrograd.

Bolshevik War Minister Declares That the "Pack of Bourgeois Cubs Who Are Worrying the Body of Soviet Russia" Will Not Capture City. But the Reds Are Losing Ground.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Petrograd is so closely invested by the anti-Bolshevik forces, according to the latest official advices, that military experts express the belief that little short of a miracle can save the hard-pressed Bolshevik. Indeed, one newspaper despatch reported Gen. Yudenitch's cavalry in the capital, but there is no confirmation of this.

Neither had British official confirmation been received of the reported surrender of Kronstadt, although the War Office states that the Esthonians on Friday, operating in conjunction with Yudenitch, got within four miles of the Krasnaia Gorka, facing Kronstadt. Thus, Kronstadt would be in a dangerous position, as with the capture of Petrograd, it would be cut off.

Coincident with these reports comes a vitriolic announcement by Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevik War Minister, referring to the anti-Bolshevik forces as "a pack of bourgeois cubs worrying the body of Soviet Russia," and declaring that Petrograd will not fall.

In the meantime, in the south, Gen. Denikine has been pursuing his successes. But in some places, strenuous resistance in the Orel region, where the fiercest fighting is going on.

Gen. Yudenitch's troops have occupied the station at Ligovo, about eight miles from Petrograd, according to a Helsingfors despatch to Reuter's. They have also reached the railway junction at Putilov, a suburb of the capital.

A Helsingfors, Finland, despatch dated Sunday, reported that the red flag again was flying on Krasnaia and that the batteries of Krasnaia Gorka had been active Friday, the night long.

The following description of the situation in the Baltic is attributed to Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevik Minister of War, by a wireless message from Moscow:

"A pack of Bourgeois curs is worrying the body of Soviet Russia on all sides. Polish knights are gnashing their teeth. The German general, von der Goltz, under instructions by the Stock Exchange and the off-scourings of all lands, is seizing the Baltic country with the help of monarchistic bands in order to attack Moscow from there.

"In the northwest, the blood-drunken trio, Yudenitch, Bulako-vitch and Radzianko, are advancing on Petrograd. The Esthonian peace negotiations served as a means to lull the Red Petrograd troops, and as a soporific.

"The army defending the approaches to Petrograd failed to withstand the first blow and danger has again come to Petrograd. The British and French radio stations announce with joy the fact of our failures on the road to Petrograd. The Stock Exchange and the press of the whole world rejoice with joy and predicting the speedy fall of Petrograd. But they are wrong this time. Petrograd will not fall. It will stand. We shall not surrender Petrograd.

"For the defence of the first town of the proletarian revolution, sufficient strength will be found in the peasant and the workers of the land. Petrograd is surrounded not by those of a cavalry raid. Troops are being sent to the assistance of Petrograd, and the Petrograd workers, who rose first of all. We must break the skulls of Yudenitch's bands and the Anglo-French pirates."

An account of the rapid success gained by the army of Gen. Denikine over the Bolshevik in Central Russia was given in the official despatch que issued from the War Office. A Bolshevik offensive campaign on an extensive scale against Tsaritsyn on the Lower Volga, was opened, it states, on October 11. Operations were conducted on both banks of the Volga, and also to the west and south of the Volga as far as the Don River.

During two days, it is stated, the Bolsheviki gained considerable ground. Then volunteers under Generals Waranged and Ulaggai delivered a sharp counter-attack, covering all the ground which had been lost and inflicting severe losses upon the Bolshevik forces. On the west of the Cossack forces crossed the Don on a wide front and cleared the triangle of ground between Novo-Grigorievskaya, 55 miles northwest of Tsaritsyn, and Ust Medviditsa, 100 miles northwest of Tsaritsyn, taking 1,200 prisoners, with machine guns.

Still further westward, the Cossacks occupied the line of the Kohper River, one of the northern tributaries of the Don, at its junction with the Don to Tishanskaya, taking the towns of Kalatch and Pavlovsk, which lie westward of the Kohper between that river and Voronezh. Prisoners to the number of 2,150, including a complete field battalion, were taken, and another Red regiment was destroyed. Large numbers of prisoners were also taken at Orel and Chernavtsi, although the exact number has not yet been published.

Paris Casualties from Big Berthas.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—The total casualities in Paris resulting from air raids and shells thrown by German long-distance guns were 256 killed and 1,224 wounded. These figures were given by M. Evain, president of the Municipal Council, in an address in connection with the conferring of the Croix de Guerre on the city of Paris.

W. J. De Forge, about 25 years of age, was shot through the heart on the street at Winnipeg, the victim, it is believed, of murder.

HEARST WAS DEFEATED

No Party Strong Enough to Form Government.

United Farmers Will Have the Largest Representation In the Ontario Legislature, With Liberals and Conservatives About Even—Labor Made Gains In Cities—Many Surprises In Provincial Elections.

TORONTO, Oct. 21. — In one of the most remarkable elections Ontario has ever experienced the Hearst Government went down to defeat on Monday, Sir William Hearst and all but one member of those of his Cabinet who were not elected by acclamation went under in the landslide, and of the strong following of 70 members who sat behind the Prime Minister in the last Legislature only 26 members remain. The defeat of the Conservatives was due almost entirely to the tremendous vote rolled up by the United Farmers' candidates and by the Labor men. The Liberals, despite their win of five seats in "Tory Toronto," stand in the new Legislature practically as they were in the last House. In fact, when all the returns are in Hartley Dewart, K.C., the Liberal leader, will probably have a smaller following than did Wm. Proudfoot, the former leader.

The largest single party in the new House will be that of the farmers who, by an alliance with either of the older parties and the Labor members can command a large working majority. Just what line the next Government of Ontario it is impossible to foresee at the present time. Even Sir William Hearst in his statement to the press at Sault Ste. Marie, was evidently unable to figure out the situation. It is doubtful if that point will be settled until the new Legislature meets. As the matter stands the Government of Sir William Hearst will remain in power until the House meets.

If in the intervening time the Prime Minister has not succeeded in reaching a working agreement with any other party in the House, he will, of course, tender his resignation to the Lieutenant-Governor, who will then have to turn to either Hartley Dewart or to the United Farmer representation. But neither the Liberals nor the Farmers can form a Government, standing alone, and whichever is called upon to lead must form a union cabinet or give up the task. In the event of the farmers declining to join forces with either party, a new election would almost certainly be necessary to clear the situation.

It is possible, of course, that the Prime Minister might choose to tender his resignation before the House is called together, but it is quite possible that he will carry on until the House can pass upon the question of leadership.

Whatever may be the outcome, it is almost certain that Ontario's next Government will be a Government of some sort, either one of Conservatives, Farmers and Labor, or Liberals, Farmers and Labor, in view of their working alliance during the election. It is taken for granted that they will stand together in the House.

The tremendous sweep of the Farmers and Labor men astonished everyone. The showing of the Independent Labor party candidates was the most spectacular. It was conceded that the Farmers would gain twenty-five seats, but the most that close observers of the campaign were willing to grant the Labor forces was two or three seats. As it turned out the Labor men ran fairly electally every seat in which they had a good candidate and anything like an organization.

The defeat of Sir William Hearst in Sault Ste. Marie was an outstanding instance of the manner in which the workingmen of the province have become aroused. Cunningham, the Soo Labor candidate, was not regarded as a serious factor in the race and the only question in the election was thought to be the size of Sir William's vote. Cunningham rolled up a majority of over 1,500. Even more inexplicable was the defeat of Sir Adam Beck in London. The Prime Minister's failure to get his seat can be explained by the general sentiment running against the Government, but Sir Adam had endeared himself from the Government, and was running as an independent. It is possible that he lost the votes of many former Conservative supporters who did not like his action in breaking away from the Conservative Government, but the only way to explain the tremendous shift that brought him defeat.

Sir Adam will feel his reverse keenly, and if he carries out the threat made during the campaign, that defeat would be interpreted as a repudiation of his work for the Hydro, he would retire from the Hydro-Electric Commission. It is possible, however, that whatever Governmen is formed will endeavor to retain the Hydro chairman at his post.

CONSERVATIVES ELECTED—26.

ADDINGTON—W. D. Black (Accl.).
FRONTENAC—Arthur Roberts.
GRENVILLE—Hon. G. H. Ferguson.
HASTINGS, NORTH—J. R. Cook (Accl.)
HASTINGS, WEST—Wm. H. Ireland.
HURON, NORTH—John Joynt.
KINGSTON—Brig.-Gen. A. E. Ross (Accl.).
LENNOX—R. A. Fowler.
LEEDS—Major A. W. Gray.
MUSKOKA—G. W. Ecclestone.
NORTHUMBERLAND, EAST — A. Hume.
OTTAWA, WEST—H. P. Hill.
PARKDALE—Col. W. H. Price.
PEEL—Major T. L. Kennedy.
PORT ARTHUR — Brig.-Gen. Hogarth.
RAINY RIVER—J. A. Mathieu.
SIMCOE, WEST—T. J. Allan.
SUDBURY—Charles McCrae.
TEMISKAMING—Capt. T. Magladery.
TORONTO, N.E., "A." — Hon. Dr. Cody (Accl.).
TORONTO, N.W., "B"—Capt. J. E. Thompson.
TORONTO, N.W., "A."—Hon. Thos. Crawford.
WELLINGTON, SOUTH—Captain Buckland.
YORK, EAST—Hon. G. S. Henry.
YORK, NORTH—T. H. Lennox.
YORK, WEST—Dr. Forbes Godfrey.

LIBERALS ELECTED—28.

ALGOMA—Lieut. K. S. Stover.
BROCKVILLE—Dr. D. McAlpine.
BRUCE, SOUTH—F. Rennie.
COCHRANE—M. Lang.
DURHAM, WEST—W. J. Brass.
HURON, CENTRE—John Govenlock.
KENT, WEST—R. L. Brackin.
LINCOLN—T. Marshall.
NIPISSING—J. H. Marceau.
NORTHUMBERLAND, WEST—Sam Clarke.
ONTARIO, SOUTH—W. E. N. Sinclair.
OTTAWA, EAST—J. A. Pinard.
OXFORD, NORTH—J. A. Calder.
PERTH, NORTH—Wellington Hay.
PARRY SOUND—R. R. Hall.
PETERBORO, WEST — G. A. Gillespie.
PRESCOTT—Gustave Evanturel.
PRINCE EDWARD—Nelson Parliament.
RUSSELL—D. Racine.
STORMONT—W. J. McLeod.
STURGEON FALLS—Z. Mageau.
TORONTO, N.W., "B."—Lieut.-Col. Cooper.
TORONTO, S.E., "A."—John O'Neill.
TORONTO, S.E., "B."—J. W. Curry.
TORONTO, S.W., "A."—H. Hartley Dewart.
TORONTO, S.W., "B."—Capt. J. C. Ramsden.
WELLAND—R. Cooper.
WINDSOR—Major J. C. Tolmie.

UNITED FARMERS ELECTED—43.

BRANT, NORTH—H. C. Nixon.
BRUCE, NORTH—W. H. Fenton.
BRUCE, WEST—G. Rutle.
CARLETON—R. H. Grant.
DUFFERIN—T. K. Slack.
DUNDAS—W. Casselman.
DURHAM, EAST—S. S. Staples.
ELGIN, EAST—M. McVicar.
ELGIN, WEST—P. G. Cameron.
ESSEX, NORTH—A. S. Tisdelle.
ESSEX, SOUTH—Milton Fox.
GLENGARRY—D. A. Ross.
GREY, CENTRE — Lieut.-Col. Carmichael.
GREY, SOUTH—G. M. Leeson.
HALDIMAND—W. Stringer.
HALTON—J. F. Ford.
HASTINGS, EAST—H. K. Denys.
HURON, SOUTH—A. Hicks.
KENT, EAST—J. B. Clark.
LAMBTON, EAST—L. W. Oakes.
LAMBTON, WEST—J. M. Webster.
LANARK, NORTH—M. McCreary.
LANARK, SOUTH—W. I. Johnston.
MANITOULIN—Beniah Bowman.
MIDDLESEX, EAST — J. W. Freeborn.
MIDDLESEX, NORTH—J. C. Brown.
MIDDLESEX, WEST — J. G. Lethbridge.
NORFOLK, NORTH—G. E. Sewell.
NORFOLK, SOUTH—J. Cridland.
ONTARIO, NORTH — J. W. Widdifield.
OXFORD, SOUTH—A. T. Walker.
PERTH, SOUTH—Peter Smith.
PETERBORO, EAST — E. N. McDonald.
RENFREW, NORTH—R. M. Warren.
RENFREW, SOUTH—John Carty.
SIMCOE, CENTRE—H. G. Murdock.
SIMCOE, SOUTH—Edgar Evans.
VICTORIA, NORTH—Rev. Watson.
VICTORIA, SOUTH—F. G. Sandy.
WELLINGTON, EAST—A. Hellyer.
WELLINGTON, WEST — Robt. McArthur.
WENTWORTH, NORTH — F. C. Biggs.
WENTWORTH, SOUTH — W. A. Crockett.

LABORITES ELECTED—12.

BRANT, SOUTH—M. M. Macbride.
PORT WILLIAM—H. Mills.
GREY, NORTH—D. J. Taylor.
HAMILTON, EAST—G. G. Halcrow.
HAMILTON, WEST—W. R. Rollo.
KENORA—Peter Heenan.
LONDON—Dr. H. A. Stevenson.
NIAGARA FALLS—C. Swayze.
ST. CATHARINES — Frank Greenlaw.
SAULT STE. MARIE — J. B. Cunningham.
*SIMCOE, EAST—J. B. Johnston.
*WATERLOO, SOUTH — Karl Homuth (Labor-U.)

SOLDIERS' MEMBER—1.

RIVERDALE (Toronto) — Sergt.-Major D. S. MacNamara.

INDEPENDENT ELECTED—1.

*WATERLOO, SOUTH — N. Asmussen.
*Independent Liberal.

STORY THAT BALLOTS TELL.

Standing of the Parties.

Seats in the House	111
Conservatives elected	26
Liberals elected	28
United Farmers elected	43
Labor elected	12
Independents elected	2

Standing at Dissolution.

Seats in the House	111
Conservatives	79
Liberals	29
United Farmers	2
*Labor	0

*East Hamilton, Labor seat, unrepresented since death of Allan Studholme.

GAINS AND LOSSES.

United Farmer Gains.

From Conservatives:
CARLETON.
DUNDAS.
DURHAM, EAST.
ELGIN, EAST.
ELGIN, WEST.
GREY, CENTRE.
GREY, SOUTH.
HALDIMAND.
HALTON.
HASTINGS, EAST.
LAMBTON, EAST.
LAMBTON, WEST.
LANARK, SOUTH.
MIDDLESEX, EAST.
NORFOLK, SOUTH.
OXFORD, SOUTH.
PARRY SOUND.
PERTH, SOUTH.
PETERBORO, EAST.
RENFREW, NORTH.
RENFREW, SOUTH.
SIMCOE, EAST.
SIMCOE, CENTRE.
SIMCOE, SOUTH.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
Contains no alum

We unhesitatingly recommend Magic Baking Powder as being the best and purest baking powder possible to produce. It possesses elements of food that have to do the building up of brain and nerve matter and is absolutely free from alum or other injurious substitutes.

HON. DR. CODY.

VICTORIA, NORTH.
VICTORIA, SOUTH.
WENTWORTH, NORTH.
WENTWORTH, SOUTH.
WELLINGTON, WEST.

From Liberals:
BRANT, NORTH.
BRUCE, NORTH.
GLENGARRY.
KENT, EAST.
MIDDLESEX, WEST.
MIDDLESEX, NORTH.
NORFOLK, NORTH.
ESSEX, NORTH.
ESSEX, SOUTH.
WELLINGTON, EAST.

Liberal Gains.

From Conservatives:
ALGOMA.
BROCKVILLE.
BRUCE, SOUTH.
DUNDAS, EAST.
KENT, WEST.
NIPISSING.
ONTARIO, SOUTH.
STORMONT.
TORONTO, S.-E., "A."
TORONTO, S.-E., "B."
TORONTO, S.-W., "B."
TORONTO, N.-W., "B."
WELLAND.
PARRY SOUND.

Conservative Gains.

From Liberals:
HURON, NORTH.
OTTAWA, WEST.
PEEL.
WELLINGTON, SOUTH.

Labor Gains.

From Conservatives:
PORT WILLIAM.
GREY, NORTH.
HAMILTON, WEST.
KENORA.
LONDON.
NIAGARA FALLS.
ST. CATHARINES.
SAULT STE. MARIE.
WATERLOO, SOUTH.
NIAGARA FALLS.

From Liberals:
BRANT, SOUTH

Independent Gains.

From Conservatives:
RIVERDALE.
SOUTH WATERLOO.

In connection with the mutiny on the steamship Marika, from Halifax to Brest, three firemen have been sentenced as follows: John Cody, five years' penal servitude; Gerald Lynch and Mike Connell to eighteen months each at hard labor.

WILL EXPEL GERMANS.

Belgium Has Annexed the Moresnet District.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Belgium has annexed the Moresnet district to the Province of Liege, according to an announcement received in a wireless message from Berlin. The inhabitants of Moresnet with the exception of those of German origin, become Belgians, the announcement says, while citizens of Germany are given two years to declare for Belgium or Germany. If they decide for Germany they must leave the district.

Under article 33 of the peace treaty of Versailles, Germany renounces all rights and title over the territory of Prussian Moresnet, situated on the west of the road from Liege to Aix-la-Chapelle and the road where it bounds this territory will belong to Belgium.

Moresnet, lying on the boundary between the Provinces of Liege and Prussia, has an area of about 1½ square miles.

Tariff Act To Be Ready.

OTTAWA, Oct. 21.—With the victory Loan campaign to be carried on and the change of Ministers in the Finance Department, it was thought that the promised tariff inquiry by a committee of Cabinet Ministers, looking to a general revision of the tariff, would have to be postponed until 1921. It is now stated that Sir Henry Drayton will take up the work as soon as the success of the Victory Loan is assured, and it is hoped that the Tariff Act may be prepared before the end of next session. Next session's chief topics thus are likely to be tariff, trade and labor.

Viscount Astor Dead.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Viscount Astor of Hever Castle, died of heart disease Saturday. He had been in failing health for a year.

The body of Viscount Astor is lying in the residence of his son, Waldorf Astor, member of Parliament, in St. James' Square.

Through Viscount Astor's wish his body will be cremated, and it is understood his ashes will be placed in the private chapel of his one-time country home, Cliveden, at Taplow, Bucks, now occupied by Waldorf Astor.

Penal Servitude for Mutiny.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—In connection with the mutiny of August 9 on the steamship Mariska, from Halifax to Brest, three firemen have been sentenced at the Dorset Assizes—John Cody to five years, and Gerald Lynch and Mike Connell to eighteen months each at hard labor.

Full weight of tea in every package

REDROSE TEA "is good tea"

Sold only in sealed packages

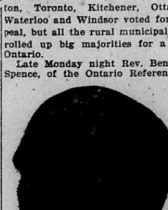
ONTARIO REMAINS DRY

Prohibition Endorsed by People of Province.

Although a Few of the Cities Went "Wet," the Vote on the Whole Showed a Large Majority in Favor of the O. T. A. — Rural District Overwhelmed Those Who Voted "Yes."

TORONTO, Oct. 21.—The result of the vote on the four questions of the referendum shows that the Canada Temperance Act is sustained by a majority of two or three to one, a few cities and towns, notably, Hamilton, Toronto, Kitchener, Ottawa, Waterloo and Windsor voted for repeal, but all the rural municipalities rolled up big majorities for a dry Ontario.

Late Monday night Rev. Ben. H. Spence, of the Ontario Referendum



HON. A. E. ROSS.

Committee, issued the following statement:

"This victory seems to be a substantial one. It looks now as if we would have a majority of six figures on every question. This is a magnificent vindication of the Ontario Temperance Act, and a mandate to the Government of the Province to improve and enforce that law to the limit of their power. So far as the Referendum Committee is concerned, it was a good, straight, clean fight. We sought to facilitate in every way the expression of the opinion of the electors and they have spoken.

"There is a lesson in the returns for Ottawa that they can't go too far or too fast in regard to prohibitory legislation. The Province of Ontario. It shows the utter folly of the proposition now being put forward that we bring another vote in this or, indeed, any province in the Dominion.

"The Ontario Legislature, now backed up by the electors, have gone as far in the direction of prohibition of the beverage drink traffic as the constitutional powers of the province will permit. The Dominion Government should go as far as its legislative power.

"The organized temperance forces of Canada will not be satisfied with anything less than the enactment of a Dominion law supplementing the provincial legislation now in force in eight out of the nine provinces, which will prohibit the manufacture in, the importation into, the exportation from and the inter-provincial shipment within the Dominion of intoxicating liquor for beverage purposes. That, and that only, will solve the temperance problem, and we are going to get it. The battle is over. We have won. The war is still on."

How Cities Voted on Referendum.

Wet—
WINDSOR, 4 to 1.
PORT WILLIAM.
OTTAWA.
HAMILTON.
CORNWALL.
KITCHENER.
WATERLOO.
ELMIRA.

Dry—
LONDON.
OWEN SOUND.
KINGSTON, 946 majority.
BRANTFORD, 3 to 1 on all questions.
NIAGARA FALLS.

Cabinet Ministers Defeated.

The following Cabinet Ministers met defeat:

SIR WILLIAM HEARST.
HON. W. D. McPHERSON, Provincial Secretary, in Northwest Toronto.
HON. T. W. McGARRY, Provincial Treasurer, in South Renfrew.
HON I. B. LUCAS, in Centre Grey.
HON. G. G. MACDIARMID, in Elgin West.
HON. R. F. PRESTON, without portfolio, in North Lanark.

Arctic Explorers Reach Seattle.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 21.—A. G. Gumaer and Martin Kilian, the last members of the Vilhjamur Stefansson's Canadian Arctic exposition to return from the Arctic, arrived here Monday from Nome, Alaska, on their way to Victoria, B. C., the port from which Stefansson sailed six years ago.

Gunner and Kilian joined Stefansson's expedition in the north and were with Storker Storkerson, Stefansson's lieutenant, when he drifted eight months on an ice floe in an unsuccessful attempt to find a current across the Arctic from Alaska to Siberia.

NO TRADE WITH HUNS.

Anti-German League Will Still Maintain Policy.

"No trading or industrial relations with the Germans or Germany," has been the watchword of the British Empire Union of Canada Anti-German Trade League since its inception in the early part of 1915. This organization, formed by prominent Toronto men, including J. Enoch Thompson, Spanish Consul, Noel Marshall, James P. Murray, J.P., Rev. H. T. F. Duckworth, dean of Trinity College, and Prof. Alfred Baker, of Toronto University, will continue to carry out this policy.

The general policy outlined in several pamphlets issued by them is to carry out in Canada a program similar to that of the British Empire Union of the United Kingdom, with the object in view of protecting Canadian industries against German competition. The policy also is to make an end of Hun influence in commerce, finance, and politics and to combat German aggression, open and secret. Although no active propaganda will be issued by the organization the members will put forth every effort personally to aid all the local merchants and dealers to the cause. Up to the present the results shown have been excellent and it is apparent that there is a strong anti-Hun feeling rampant among Toronto business men.

Where cases of merchants dealing in German or Austrian goods are brought to their notice a letter as follows is sent to the offender: "This society has received a complaint that you are selling German goods. It is a rule of the society that none of our members will have any dealings whatever with those who handle our enemies' products, or employ Germans. If you have any denial to make it will receive our proper consideration. Remember every dollar spent on enemy goods ultimately aids the Germans."

"With several exceptions, however, Toronto merchants have allied themselves with us," said Mr. Thompson when explaining the work of the League. "A wholesale merchant in the city with extensive business gives him a position of some distinction was invited to join the Anti-German League. His reply was: 'Certainly not! I intend to keep German goods after the war. Why shouldn't I?'" Another prominent man said that whose every idea is to make money, 'who destroy our national spirit,'" continued the Spanish Consul. "But we have business men who will refuse to have any dealings with him whatever. Another important retail-trading firm has ceased handling goods since the outbreak of war. The German marks on the packages were covered with labels inscribed 'Made in Canada.' Our only response to men of this sort is a quotation from Bismarck, the famous German statesman who said: 'The war of the future will be the economic war, the struggle for life on the largest scale. May my successors bear this always in mind and always take care that Germany will be prepared when this battle has to be fought.'

"We are out to protect Canada and Canadian industries at all costs," concluded Mr. Thompson.

A Formal Phrase.

Canadians often ask why the proclamations issued at Ottawa in the King's name by the Governor-General as "our right trusty and right entirely beloved cousin" and "our right trusty and entirely beloved cousin"; marquises as "our right trusty and entirely beloved cousin" (the second "right" used in addressing dukes being omitted); earls as "our right trusty and right well-beloved cousin" ("well-beloved" being the place of "entirely beloved"); viscounts as "our right trusty and well-beloved cousin" (the second "right" used in addressing earls being omitted); and barons as "our right trusty and well beloved" ("without cousin"). "Counsellor" is added when the person addressed is a member of the King's Privy Council in Great Britain.

First Safety Bicycle.

The first of the safety bicycles was put on the market in 1880. In this the high front wheel was reduced and the rear wheel was raised two-thirds the height of the front one. The machines with wheels of the same size appeared in 1885. Bicycles began to be popular about 1891, and the "craze" reached its height about 1895, when wheels had become low enough in price to be within the means of the multitude.

Many Wanted the Prince.

When word was received that the Prince of Wales would visit this continent, a fierce war started among the social leaders of New York and Washington, who wished to have the honor of entertaining him. The American authorities were somewhat embarrassed, but the situation was solved by arranging that only President Wilson would act as host to the prince during his stay in the republic,

WOMEN'S MISSIONARY CONVENTION

CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK

There are two hundred and fifty four thousand church women in Canada to-day and only fifty four thousand are members of the W. M. S. and will fifty four thousand have all the missionary work at home and in foreign fields to do to make Canada clean and fit for us and our children to live in while two hundred thousand are idle.

Only two per cent of the children in China are educated, 95 per cent of the people are illiterate. Is-not that a field for Bolshevism. China needs education. Where is she going to get it. If she gets it from Russia Bolshevism will be the result. It is of vital importance to the world what China becomes. Her population doubles every eighty years. In a century or two the yellow race will be as large as the white. What will it mean to us in Canada when China our next door neighbor, arises in her might. This late war may be only a skirmish in comparison. In this war our young people responded nobly, nurses, doctors, soldiers, anything to help the Empire. In this war we had our honor roll for Christ and the church. The pastors auxiliary workers urge upon the young people the needs of China. Call for recruits, talk up the blessedness of the work, and pray earnestly that the Lord of the harvest may send workers into the field, for it is white and ready for the harvest.

Report of the department of Christian stewardship by Mrs. J. Lewis was evidence that it was being given serious thought. The field for christian stewardship lies among the children and young people's societies.

Mrs. Kendry, branch treasurer, made a strong appeal to the delegates to interest other women in the cause and promised to prepare a leaflet for publication to be distributed free of cost.

The question drawer was conducted by Mesdames Harrison and Hammond. Many interesting problems were discussed and solved.

Address on the advance of auxiliaries from members standpoint. When Joshua was asked by Jehovah to lead the children of Israel into the promised land to meet as they knew insurmountable difficulties, Joshua acknowledged the enemy's power, his strong defence, but he also realized the truth of Jehovah's promise "I will never leave you or forsake you" and Joshua went forward to success upheld by this message. Gideon was asked to perform a stupendous task, a seemingly impossible one, but he tested his followers until he had only few who were truly obedient. Then he went forward to victory. 300 men defeated 120,000, but those 300 men were men who believed their God was able. In the late war with Germany and Austria we have the same manifestation of this truth. Britain and their allies because their stand was for righteousness, truth and justice overcame the mighty powers massed against them. If our auxiliaries are to be auxiliaries of power and usefulness, the members must truly believe the word of God, must rely upon those promises, must trust God will reveal his answer in His way and His own time. It seems to me our objective means first of all a supreme faith, a longing for fellowship with God. Our trust in God brings us three commands to pray, to study, to give, and is this not truly our objective. When we fully understand the need we will give our time, money and our lives. When we pray, believing in God, our father, all men our brothers, all women our sisters, it will be easy to speak to those we meet about our needy sisters and brothers in China, in Japan and elsewhere. We must give others work to do and have them feel that they are the ones needed to do that work. Your auxiliary has numbered fifteen or twenty for some years perhaps. First of all make a survey of your field, write the names of all available for membership in your community, also name the different members of the executive, asking them to call on each lady named in the list inviting her to attend a special missionary meeting, publish it in your local paper and have a programme worth while. It may mean extra work for a few, but isn't it worth while. Whenever God world richly bless a man or people in his wisdom he made the blessing contingent upon some great challenge. He has led the women of our day by service to the borders of our great inheritance. This is how the challenge runs. All power hath been given to me in heaven and on earth, go ye therefore and make disciples of all nations, and so I, even I, am with you to the end of the world. Jesus orders our advance, we, the women of the richest, most luxurious, the happiest and most God favoured age since Eden are to-day being a challenge from God, the outcome of which will be the most sublime triumph ever enacted in the annals of our Woman's Missionary Society.

(Mrs.) R. Waddell.
Delegate

—o—

The W. C. T. U. purpose holding their annual rummage sale. Any person having articles to donate will kindly save the same.

Sir Robert Borden Ill.

OTTAWA, Sept. 9. — Sir Robert Borden caught a chill on Friday and is confined to his home. The Premier was able to sit up Sunday, but it is not expected that he will be out for a few days.

Seagoing Locomotives.

"Early in the war we chuckled and crowed over our ability to take a big 125-ton freight locomotive and box it into nineteen huge crates," writes Edward Hungerford in Everybody's for August, but, "what was that accomplishment alongside the one which we reached long before the armistice—the fashioning of especially constructed ships with five great hatched compartments into each of which seven huge set-up locomotives would go, minus only their smokestacks and their cabs? It was short work for the big 135-ton crane at St. Nazaire to reach down into the hold of that ship and fetch up the thirty-five engines that she carried; setting them upon French rails for the first time, while a host of workmen quickly and easily attached their stacks and cabs. In less than two hours after such a locomotive has been lifted out of the ship's hold she has her steam up and has gone puffing her way into France with a trail of loaded cars behind her."

Windiest Place In the World.

The Falkland Islands are said to be the windiest place in the world. Tree growth is practically impossible in this locality.

Pope Has Solid Silver Chair.

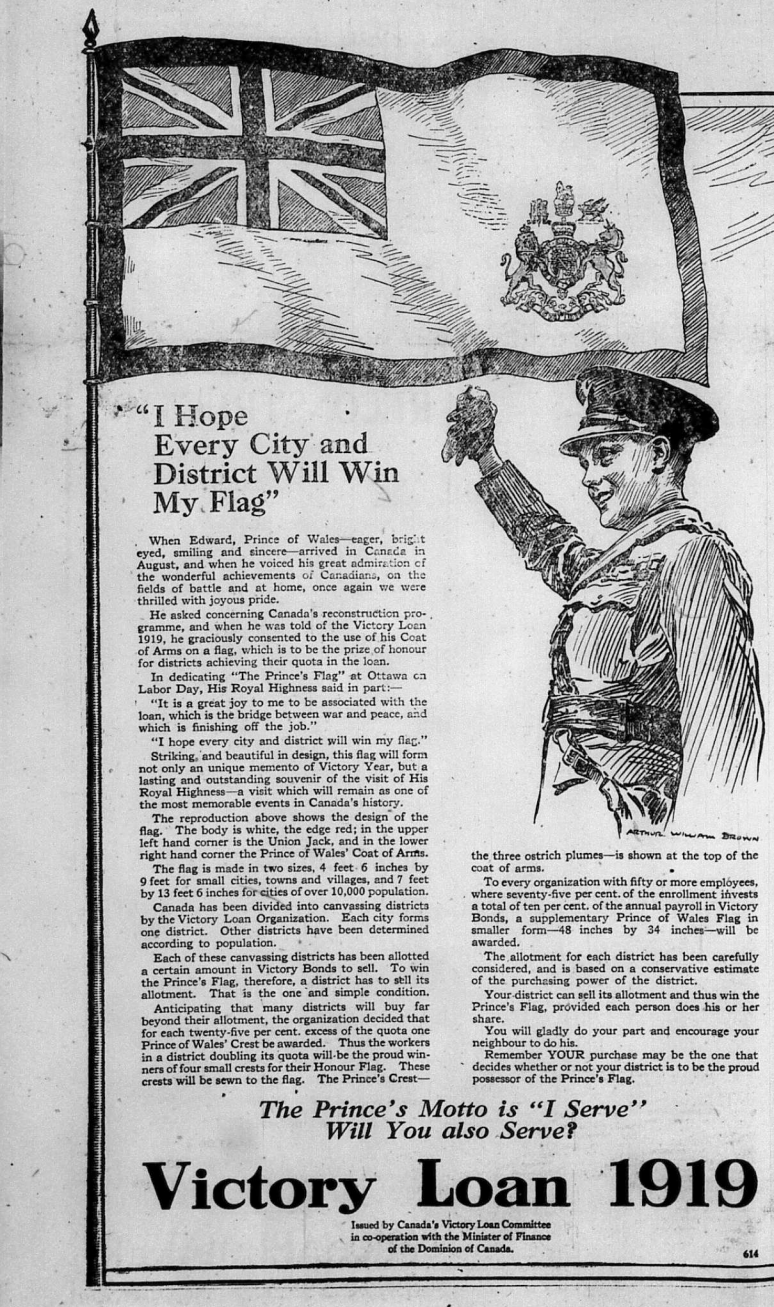
What is said to be the most expensive chair in the world belongs to the Pope. It is of solid silver and is said to have cost $90,000.

First Instalment Paid.

BERLIN, Oct. 21. — The Cologne Gazette says that it understands Germany has paid the first instalment of the war indemnity. The newspaper says it consisted of deliveries of various commodities amounting to 20,000,000,000 marks.

Premier Sonnino Retires.

ROME, Oct. 21.—Baron Sonnino, former Italian premier, has definitely announced that he declines to be candidate for a seat in Parliament at the coming Italian elections.



"I Hope Every City and District Will Win My Flag"

When Edward, Prince of Wales—eager, bright eyed, smiling and sincere—arrived in Canada in August, and when he voiced his great admiration of the wonderful achievements of Canadians, on the fields of battle and at home, once again we were thrilled with joyous pride.

He asked concerning Canada's reconstruction programme, and when he was told of the Victory Loan 1919, he graciously consented to the use of his Coat of Arms on a flag, which is to be the prize of honour for districts achieving the quota in the loan.

In dedicating "The Prince's Flag" at Ottawa on Labor Day, His Royal Highness said in part:—

"It is a great joy to me to be associated with the loan, which is the bridge between war and peace, and which is finishing off the job."

"I hope every city and district will win my flag."

Striking, and beautiful in design, this flag will form not only an unique memento of Victory Year, but a lasting and outstanding souvenir of the visit of His Royal Highness—a visit which will remain as one of the most memorable events in Canada's history.

The reproduction above shows the design of the flag. The body is white, the cross red. In the upper left hand corner is the Union Jack, and in the lower right hand corner the Prince of Wales' Coat of Arms.

The flag is made in two sizes, 4 feet 6 inches by 9 feet for small cities, towns and villages, and 7 feet by 13 feet 6 inches for cities of over 10,000 population.

Canada has been divided into canvassing districts by the Victory Loan Organization. Each city forms one district. Other districts have been determined according to population.

Each of these canvassing districts has been allotted a certain amount in Victory Bonds to sell. To win the Prince's Flag, therefore, a district has to sell its allotment. That is the one and simple condition.

Anticipating that many districts will buy far beyond their allotment, the organization decided that for each twenty-five per cent. excess of the quota one Prince of Wales' Crest be awarded. Thus the workers in a district doubling its quota will be the proud winners of four small crests for their Honour Flag. These crests will be sewn to the flag. The Prince's Crest—

ARTHUR WILLIAM BROWN

the three ostrich plumes—is shown at the top of the coat of arms.

To every organization with fifty or more employees, where seventy-five per cent. of the enrollment invests a total of ten per cent. of the annual payroll in Victory Bonds, a supplementary Prince of Wales Flag in smaller form—48 inches by 34 inches—will be awarded.

The allotment for each district has been carefully considered, and is based on a conservative estimate of the purchasing power of the district.

Your district can sell its allotment and thus win the Prince's Flag, provided each person does his or her share.

You will gladly do your part and encourage your neighbour to do his.

Remember YOUR purchase may be the one that decides whether or not your district is to be the proud possessor of the Prince's Flag.

The Prince's Motto is "I Serve" Will You also Serve?

Victory Loan 1919

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

614

THIS WOMAN SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, One of Thousands of Such Cases.

Black River Falls, Wis.—"As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation, I cannot say enough in praise of it. I suffered from organic troubles and my side hurt me so I could hardly be still from my bed, and I was unable to do my housework. I had the best doctors in Eau Claire and they wanted me to have an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me so I did not need the operation, and I am telling all my friends about it."—Mrs. A. W. Benzel, Black River Falls, Wis.

It is just such experiences as that of Mrs. Binzer that has made this famous root and herb remedy a household word from ocean to ocean. Any woman who suffers from inflammation, ulceration, displacements, backache, nervousness, irregularities or "the blues," should not rest until she has given it a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

THE CRICKET

Now we know where the Great War Veteran's Association of this part of the country stands with regard to the $2000 gratuity. We are glad to see that the soldiers of this community are not lowering, and will not lower themselves to the level of the Bolshevistic agitators who yell madly "$2000 or bust." In a recent issue was published the resolution passed by the Napanee Branch of the G. W. V. A. We think that all good citizens have been pleased to see our soldiers take this stand. It is approximated that it would take $800,000,000 to pay the gratuities demanded by the gratuity league. Take at even such a low rate of interest as 5 per cent per annum, on this money, it would take from every man, woman and child in the Dominion $5.00 to pay the interest alone each year, not saying anything about making up the principal money. This is foolish on the part of the greater gratuity agitators. Surely they know that Canada would gladly pay them $2000 if they possibly could Canada is not witholding the money from any malicious motives as some people would like us to think. Canada feels honestly in the debt of these men and intends to stand by them, but as the Veterans stated in their resolution, the ones who shall have first consideration are the war widows, orphans, and other bereaved dependants, and the disabled men. Then they say, and rightly, that something ought to be done to help the men desirous of completing or taking up their education, vocational training, or setting themselves up in business It has been suggested by soldiers in the papers quite recently, that a loan would be all that could be desired by them. They feel that their rights are now very little greater than the average citizen, if any, the only disadvantage being that they have lost the opportunity of business or educational training that they would have had, had not their duties in the war interfered. But they do not wish a reward for their patriotism. Far be it from them to place a price upon their patriotism or accept gifts or charity from anyone. The town is happy to have such an intelligent body of men as the G. W. V. A. and their stand in this matter is greatly admired by all.

* * * * * *

They are still making soap out of Canadian bacon in England, a Toronto paper tells us. This has been heard of before, and it makes us feel a little foolish when we pay seventy cents for bacon in our own home town. The men who are responsible for this should be sent to the Kaiser's glycerine factory, or some like institution.

* * * * * *

The Brewer's association are going to prove, so they say, that 2.5% per cent (weight measure) beer is not intoxicating. That may be all right, but who is going to have it tried on them. Wait wants to keep his eye open to see that it isn't tried in Napanee. We have heard of men thinking they were drunk on much weaker beer than that. Are they going to try the experiment on some beer tester whose stomach is copper lined or on a plain ordinary fish.

—o—

A 92-Cent Dollar.

A Canadian ten-cent piece is worth only 9c and a Canadian dollar only 92c in many cities of the United States. This is because the discount lately insisted upon by American takers of Canadian money.

The adverse exchange rate of 5 per cent. was serious enough. Eight per cent. suggests a determination on the part of at least some American bankers or merchants to put the screws on this country. The United States is in a position to exact this discount largely because Canada made relatively greater war sacrifices in proportion to its strength than did the American Republic.

The reason the Dominion to run into debt with the republic and that debt is increased every month that Canadians buy more from the United States than the Americans buy from them. Patriotic Canadians should take this fact into consideration when they do their shopping.

Every time a man or woman in this country buys an American-made, instead of a Canadian-made article, he helps to increase the adverse trade balance and to make Canadian money of less value across the international border.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

MINUTES OF RICHMOND TP. COUNCIL

October 6th, 1919

Council met at Selby

Members present were : Carlton Woods, reeve, and councillors W. A. Gollinger, J. G. Sexsmith, Merle Sills, and A. C. McConnell.

The reeve presided.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Moved by W. J. Gollinger, seconded by J. G. Sexsmith, that Ernest Miles receive an order on the treasurer for $15.50 for building bridge on the Camden boundary between 3rd and 4th con, and the clerk bill Camden for $7.75 for work also $8.40 for plank for covering, which is half the amount.—Carried.

Moved by Merle Sills, seconded by A. C. McConnell, that J. N. Richmond, road engineer, be paid $407.35, pay sheet No. 5—Carried

Moved by J. G. Sexsmith, seconded by A. C. McConnell, that this council appoint as their school attendance officers for the Township of Richmond Hiram Abbott of the Village of Selby, and Horace Paul of the Village of Robin and that they be hereby notified to inforce the law as per statutes.

Moved by J. G. Sexsmith, seconded by Merle Sills, that the following accounts be paid H. A. Wood, one treasurer's day book, $1.75 ; H. A. Wood, charges for scale inspection, $2.50 ; Thos. Bevrington, fixing culvert and furnishing material for the same, in road division 86, $16.00 ; Jno. McCaul, bonus on 29 rods wire fence, $5.00 ; Edward Hewitt, fixing culvert on road division 32, $5.00 ; Z. A. Grooms, gravel furnished road divisions 4 and 7, $13.80 ;

W. T. Winter, part of broken auto spring, $1.60 ; Alfred Keech, fixing culvert on road division 77, $14.00 ; Alfred Keech, road grant on road division 77, $75.00 ; J. M. Marlin, fixing two culverts on road division 42, $10.25 ; Ernest English, 17 loads gravel furnished road division 42, $1.70 ; R. W. Asselstine, 57 loads gravel furnished road division 52, $5.70; Robert Asselstine, 9 loads gravel furnished road division 52, 90c ; James McKittrick, repairing town hall and material for the same, $6.00 ; A. C. Tummon, 10 lbs. spikes furnished township, 70 c ; Hiram Shannon, grant to road division 77, $10.00 ; Hiram Shannon, gravel furnished road divisions 8, 5, 9, 73 and 67, $54.25 ; Harry Pringle, 14 loads stone furnished road division 36, $14.10 ; J. Benn, 35 loads gravel furnished road division 36, $3.50 ; Harry Pringle, grant on road division 36, $25.50 ; Mrs. Doney, aid for October, $5.00 ; Wm. McConnell, gravel and stone furnished road divisions 29, 87, 41 and 28, $19.60 Wm. McConnell, grant on road division 29, $86.00 ; Frank O'Connell, broken auto springs as per by-law, $14.10.—Carried.

Moved and seconded that this council adjourn to meet on the first Monday in November at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.—Carried.

JAMES McKITTRICK,
Township Clerk.

STATEMENT OF SCHOOLS, TOWNSHIP OF RICHMOND, 1919

S. S. No.	assessment	Gen. rate	collected	special rate	special collected	Gen. paid	Total
1	8 843.50	5¼	$442.84	2 1-10	$177.13	$300.00	$477.13
3	70432.88	5¼	369.78	5 7-10	401.46	300.00	701.46
4	106975.00	5¼	561.62	2 8-10	299.53	300.00	599.53
5	83200.00	5¼	436.80	3 6-10	299.25	300.00	599.92
6	64500.00	5¼	338.63	5 8-10	374.10	300.00	674.10
7	80025.00	5¼	420.14	6	480.15	300.00	780.15
8	45650.00	5¼	239.67	2	91.30	300.00	391.30
9	49850.00	5¼	261.72	3 7-10	184.44	282.00	466.44
10	35100.00	5¼	184.28	1 6-10	56.16	300.00	356.16
11	31425.00	5¼	164.99			300.00	300.00
12	97700.00	5¼	512.93	3 1-10	302.87	300.00	602.87
13	76480.00	5¼	401.52	5 2-10	397.69	300.00	697.69
14	32815.00	5¼	172.28	5 7-10	187.05	159.00	346.05
15	28130.00	5¼	147.69	9-10	25.31	300.00	325.31
16	26530.00	5¼	139.29	4 5-10	119.39	240.00	359.39
10 17	47550.00			8	140.40		140.40
18	575.00	5¼	30.18	4	23.00	15.00	38.00
18	26025.00	5¼	136.64	8-10	20.82	300.00	320.82
19	47100.00	5¼	89.78			300.00	300.00
20	19125.00	5¼	100.41	3	57.37	300.00	357.37

COUNTY OF LENNOX & ADDINGTON

TREASURER'S SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES

County of Lennox and Addington
To Wit :

By virtue of a warrant under the hand of the Warden and Seal of the County of Lennox and Addington, bearing date, the 21st day of June, A.D. 1919, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands mentioned in the following list for arrears of taxes due thereon and the costs as therein set forth, I hereby give notice, that unless the said arrears and costs are sooner paid, I shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the aforesaid taxes and costs, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, by Public Auction, on

SATURDAY, the 25th Day of October, and the following Monday, if necessary,

in the present year of A.D. 1919, beginning at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and in compliance with the provisions of "the Assessment Act".

The public will please remember that this is a strictly CASH SALE. Private cheques will not be accepted unless at par and marked by the bank upon which they are drawn. Non-patented, or any lands in which the Crown has an interest, will be sold subject to those provisions.

J. Ed. Harrison, Warden.
W. J. Shannon, Treasurer County Lennox and Addington.

County Treasurer's Office, Napanee, June 21st, 1919.

First published in The Napanee Express and The Napanee Beaver, at Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on July 25th, 1919. 30-13t

Township of Denbigh

Con	Lot	Area		Years	Arrears	Costs	Total
E R	35	Pat	100	1915-16-17-18	88 96	82 73	811 69
E R	36	Pat	100	1915-16-17-18	8 96	2 73	11 69
E R	40	Pat	100	1915-16-17-18	8 96	2 73	11 69
4	17 18	Pat	200	1915-16-17-18	57 60	6 44	64 04
5	15	Pat	100	1915-16-17-18	28 80	3 22	32 03
6	15	Pat	100	1915-16-17-18	28 81	3 22	32 03

TOWNSHIP OF ABINGER

E R	14	Pat	100	1916-17-18	8 60	2 75	11 35
2	22 23	n p	113	1916-18	9 79	5 25	15 04
9	6 7	n p	200	1915-16-17-18	17 91	5 45	23 36
15	1	Pat	100	1916-17-18	12 31	2 86	15 12

TOWNSHIP OF ASHBY

2	2	Pat	100	1916-17-18	10 38	2 76	13 14
3	2 3	Pat	200	1916-17-18	20 76	5 52	26 28
16	8 ½ 6	n p	50	1916-17-18	6 77	2 75	9 52

TOWNSHIP OF KALADAR

1	pt of 21	Pat	1 ac	1915-17-18	38 03	3 45	41 48
4	e ½ of 6	Pat	75	1915-16	7 29	2 75	10 04
7	pt of 10	Pat	½ ac	1913-14-15-17	41 17	3 53	44 70
11	11 12 13	Pat	363	1915-16-17	45 27	8 63	53 90

TOWNSHIP OF ANGLESEA

R A	43 44	Pat	200	1915-16-17	29 01	5 73	34 74
R A	17	Pat	100	1912-13-14-15-17	57 52	3 94	61 46

TOWNSHIP OF EFFINGHAM

12	29	n p	100	1916-17-18	12 95	2 82	15 77

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD

Village of Erinsville.

2 s e side Tullow St.		Pat	¼ ac	1915-16 17	8 38	2 75	11 13

TOWNSHIP OF CAMDEN

1	pt of 10	Pat	½ ac	1915-16-17-18	26 47	3 16	29 63
1	pt of 10	Pat	½ ac	1916-17-18	9 72	2 75	12 47

TOWNSHIP OF ERNESTTOWN

4	pt of 32	Pat	2 5ac	1916-17	6 69	2 75	9 44
6	pt of 27	Pat	1 ac	1916-17	24 48	3 11	27 59

VILLAGE OF NEWBURGH

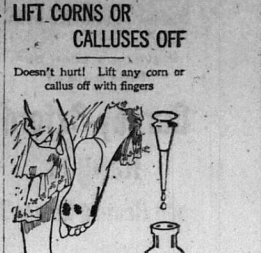
13	e s Main St	Pat	¼ ac	1914-15	53 78	3 85	57 63

VILLAGE OF BATH

2 cor. Main and Ch. Sts		Pat	1-5ac	1916-17-18	80 54	4 51	85 05

LIFT CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

Doesn't hurt! Lift any corn or callus off with fingers



Don't suffer! A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store. Apply a few drops on the corns, calluses and "hard skin" on bottom of feet, then lift them off.

When Freezone removes corns from the toes or calluses from the bottom of feet, the skin beneath is left pink and healthy and never sore, tender or irritated.

Wilson's Hardware Store

Have you seen our Fine Line of

Gurney-Oxford Ranges and Heating Stoves?

Our guarantee for Durability and Satisfaction goes with every Stove sold

Prices are soaring.

Our Advice, Buy Now.

D. B. WILSON

(Successor to John Fennell)
'Phone 138

HARRY E. SMITH
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store, Napanee
6-1-m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

JOHN T GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

The Coal Question!

Notice to our Customers

The price of coal will advance at the mines at least 50c. per ton at the rate of 10c. per month beginning May 1st next.

Both the United States and Canadian railways, notwithstanding the advanced freight of last year, have not been able to meet running expenses for months past.

The probabilities are that freight rates will be advanced in the near future still higher. Therefore there is no cheap coal in sight.

We urge our customers to lay in their next winter's supply at once before we have to advance prices.

CHAS. STEVENS.

27-tf

A fresh supply of Parke Davis' Blacklegg Vaccine in sealed vials of 4in. one dollar per vial, at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Rexall Liver Salts.

A dose at seven given relief at nine. Three sizes 35c., 65c. and $1.25, at WALLACE'S, agents for Napanee.

BEANS ! BEANS ! BEANS !

R. B. Mills wants all your White Beans. Must be hand-picked and clean. Bring in samples and get prices. 17-tf

Boyes' Grocery.

Try us for Breakfast Foods of all kinds. Also fruits in season. Fancy cakes of all kinds and choice line of candies. Bacon and cooked ham.

G. W. BOYES.
'Phone 236. John Street.

Dorenwend's Superb Display of Hair Goods

at the Campbell House, on Wednesday, October 29th, will include a showing of their newest and finest styles for both ladies and gentleman. Advice on anything pertaining to the hair is offered to those attending this display. 46-b

When you need anything in toilet preparations ask for Jonteel, the line that has many imitators, but no equals. Sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

CAR FOR HIRE

DAY OR NIGHT

call **C. P. YOUREX,**
United Cigar Store
46dp

NEW REPAIR SHOP!

Bring your Boots that need repairing to

J. O'Brien's Old Stand

west of Campbell House.

We have the machinery and supplies necessary to give you

First-Class Work

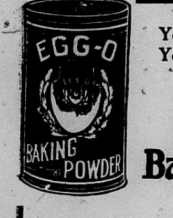
and we guarantee to please you.

F. P. TENDALL,

O'Brien's Old Stand, west of Campbell House.

No connection with any other firm.

Do you want a Tea a little above the average in quality? Try **H. W. KELLY's** 80c. Black.



You save when you buy
You save when you bake
with

EGG-O Baking Powder

Egg-O Baking Powder Co., Limited, Hamilton, Canada

Ontario Business College, Limited.

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

(52nd Year)

Famed throughout Canada, the United States, the West Indies and in South America for its thorough business training and the success of its thousands of graduates. The College publishes the three standard commercial text-books by J. W. Johnson, F.C.A.

Write for the free descriptive catalogue.

I. L. MOORE, Principal.

42-13t

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Your patronage solicited.

J. M. GRAHAM, Proprietor.

Opposite Gibbard Furniture Factory.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor.

9.30—Class meeting.
10.30—Regular service.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Rev. E. A. Seymour will preach.

Monday, 8.00—League meeting.
Wednesday, 2.00 and 7.00 District Convention.
Thursday, 7.00—C.G.I.T. meets
Friday, 8.00—Choir practice.

Private Sale of Household Effects

Mrs. G. B. Curran is offering by private sale at her home on Bridge street, chairs, stoves, carpets, curtains, etc.

See the Prince in Kingston

The auto truck "Fulton" will leave the post office for Kingston on Saturday morning at 8 a. m., returning leave Kingston at 4 p. m.. Tickets $1.50 return.

Notice !

If you want a can of good salmon or shrimp go to **H. W. KELLY'S.** He has Clover Leaf in small and large tins, this year's pack.

Notice.

The Richmond Farmer's Co-operative Association will ship hogs and cattle on Monday, Oct. 27th. Highest market price.

S. C. S. McKIM,
Manager.

Grocery Business

Having taken over the business of Mr. Theo. Windover, on the Market, I am prepared to meet the demands of the public in a full line of groceries of superior quality. A liberal patronage is solicited. Business conducted on Cash System.

ALEX. DENISON

Died in California.

E. K. Perry, son of A. B. Perry, who lived so many years in Erinestown, died suddenly in Sacramento, Cal., on Oct. 2nd. He had lived in the capital city some twenty years. He was highly respected and had many friends there. His brother-in-law, Rev. S. J. Hughes, who was at one time stationed at Wilton, officiated at the funeral. He was laid to rest in the beautiful cemetery at Sacramento.

One cent will buy a 25 cent bottle of pure Aspirin Tablets at Wallace's one cent sale, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, Oct. 30, 31st, and Nov. 1st.

Obituary.

It was a sudden shock to the community when one only son of South Fredericksburgh's most promising young men was "picked off" in the person of Arthur Frank Ohlman, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Ohlman, after a short severe illness of scarcely four days. Deceased had been in the best of health, when he contracted spinal meningitis, and in spite of the best of medical skill passed peacefully away on Saturday afternoon, September 22nd, 1919. His mind was exceptionally clear to the very last, with the exception of about an hour, when he sank into a deep sleep, (the first during his illness) from which he never awoke, but just passed "over there where the flowers are," which were his own words, expressing his desire to be out of this world of pain. Among the floral tributes was a beautiful spray from the Jolly-We Glide orchestra, of which he had been a member. His casket was surrounded with flowers, while his soul revelled in the heavenly ones of his desire. He was only twenty-seven years old, but his memory will live with those with whom he came in contact. He leaves to mourn his loss, his father, mother, four sisters, and one brother : Mrs. Wm. Blackadder, Slash road ; Mrs. Arch. Hegadorn, Westbrook; Mrs. Art. Harrison, Big Valley, Alta. ; and Inez and Geo. Ohlman, of Napanee.

Daly's good Tea and Coffee for sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store. All size packages.

Mission in St. Patrick's Church.

A mission will be opened in St. Patrick's church, Napanee, on Sunday evening, Nov. 2nd. The Rev. Father Cunningham, C. P., a member of the Passionist Order, whose headquarters is Boolkeen, N.J., will conduct the mission. In securing the services of Father Cunningham, the Rev. Pastor Father O'Connor has been most fortunate. The Rev. Missionary is generally acknowledged as one of the most intellectually eminent, deeply religious and eloquent speakers among the fathers of his order, and for all who shall be privileged to attend the meetings there is assured the satisfaction of hearing words that will enlighten and instruct the mind, excite the conscience, inflame the will, and renew the whole inward and outward life in the expositions of the solemn truths and wholesome doctrines of religion. The mission will continue all the week and will close the following Sunday morning, Nov. 9th, with solemn benediction. Services every morning during the week. Each evening will be reserved for special sermons on the truth, doctrines, and practices of the Catholic faith. There is no reason for telling the readers of the Napanee Express that the world is in turmoil, and sadly in need of reformation and reconstruction. There are many problems that vex and disturb the even tenor of our civilization to-day, but slowly and surely observant minds are coming to recognize that there is only one remedy, Jesus Christ, and that His gospel contains the solution of all puzzles, and the prescriptions for every ill which has afflicted humanity since the fall of our first parents. At no time, therefore, in the history of the world, was it more necessary to mobilize the spiritual resources of mankind and bring about a christian union of hearts in the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man. For this object we are assured the mission in St. Patrick's church will do its bit.

Bring your basket to Wallace's one cent sale on Oct 30, 31st, and Nov. 1st—Thursday, Friday, and Saturday.

When Your Clothes need

Pressing Cleaning —or— Repairing

LET US DO THEM

You will be pleased with our work.

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, - Napanee.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening Prayer.

White Ants Adopt Policy That Will Work Trouble For Australian Worker

ONE of the most significant of recent developments in the realm of Australian Labor is the adoption by the Provisional One Big Union Council of what is known as the "white ant policy." This policy, which was pursued in America by the I.W.W., consists in the formation of branches of the One Big Union "on the jobs and in the workshops" throughout the country, quite irrespective of the particular union of the men thus employed. In other words, instead of the One Big Union maintaining itself as a great federation of all unions it will, under the scheme just adopted, seek to become a union itself, canvassing for recruits, and, everywhere, seeking to gain adherents at the expense of the individual trades unions. The result of this policy in some part of the United States has been to break up many of the smaller unions, and to place a tremendous power in the hands of the central organization. Here in Canada the danger of the "white ant" policy has created a great deal of opposition among labor men to the One Big Union idea.

Now the I. W. W. is, to-day, a prohibited organization in Australia. It was formally banned just two years ago, when the Government, having defeated the great attempt on the part of the extreme labor section to bring the industry of the country to a standstill, by means of a general strike, took vigorous action against the I. W. W., prosecuting and imprisoning many of its leaders, and pronouncing it an illegal organization. Officially the I. W. W. "went out," but the extinction was much more apparent than real. Within a very short time of the official decision, there began to be discussed, up and down the country, a new labor organization, conceived on even wider lines than the I. W. W., and known as the One Big Union. The tremendously rapid growth of this movement has been one of the most remarkable features of Australian labor politics during the past eighteen months. Outwardly, it professed to have no connection whatever with the I. W. W., and, indeed, there can be no question that many of its members were opposed to the I. W. W. methods. Nevertheless those who were most intimately acquainted with the inner workings of the "new octopus" recognized how faithfully it was modeled on the I. W. W. scheme, whilst the frankly I. W. W. element in the organization have evidently been only waiting for a favorable opportunity to capture the union for a more thoroughgoing revolutionary policy.

In this effort they have been instructed and aided by the Workers' International Industrial Union, which, like the One Big Union, rose up out of the ashes of the I. W. W. This union has made the white ant policy one of the mainstays of its political creed, and, as the result of a carefully organized and persistent propaganda, its members have, at last, so effectively gained the ear of the Trades Hall One Big Union leaders that these leaders have indorsed the job organization or white ant policy. The policy, however, has by no means secured the undivided support of all the members of the One Big Union, and a split in the ranks of the union seems to be inevitable. The whole situation is indeed one of extreme complexity. Although One Big Unionism has undoubtedly made tremendous strides throughout the Commonwealth, achieving wholesale conversions quite dramatic in their extent, nevertheless, a very large and very influential section of labor has never taken kindly to the scheme. The obvious threat which it contains to the integrity and authority of the individual unions made its objectionable to many from the start, and now that its council has adopted a policy which confirms "the worst fears," a much more decided alignment on one side or the other may, surely, be looked for.

Just think a 35c.Tooth Brush for one cent at WALLACE'S 4 One Cent Sale on Oct. 30th, 31st, and Nov. 1st—remember these dates.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

9.45 a.m.—Class meeting.
10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening service.
The pastor will preach at both services.
Wednesday 7.30—Prayer service.
Thursday, 8.00—C.S.E.T.
Friday, 8.00—Choir practice.

TESTING AIRMEN.

Those Who Have Played Games Generally the Best.

"Medical and Surgical Aspects of Aviation" is to be the title of a book which will appear presently in England, and, according to the London Times, the problem of the proper selection of pilots—which becomes increasingly important with the development of civil aviation—will be fully dealt with. The writer continues:—

"It has been written by Major Graeme Anderson, surgeon, Royal Air Force Central Hospital (a doctor in possession of a pilot's certificate), and to which Col. Martin Flack, Director of Medical Research in the Royal Air Force, and Major Oliver Gotch, physician to the Royal Air Force Central Hospital, have contributed chapters. Lord Weir has written an introduction.

"The author illustrates in a very forcible manner the results of failure to test the would-be airman thoroughly and to 'keep him fit.' The ideal airman must possess good health and a cool temperament. Men who have played games and led an outdoor life are given the palm. But there are exceptions to this rule. The author says:—

"'Every now and then one meets the type, with splendid physique and apparently unshakable courage, and finds that he learns to fly indifferently or is unable to learn at all; and, again, one meets the weedy, pale, type, learning quickly to fly and turning out a first-class pilot.'

The tests which have been devised are of a very searching kind. The eye especially are subject to scrutiny. The author believes that the airman is, for the most part, dependent on impressions conveyed through the eyes to his sense of balance during a flight. The 'visual reaction time' is carefully observed. This is the time which elapses between the point at which the eye sees anything and the point which consequent muscular action takes place.

"In a similar way hearing and the sense of touch can be tested and the 'reaction times' of these senses determined.

"Col. Flack deals with 'oxygen want,' and insists on the need of a good 'vital capacity'—i.e., lung air space. He has devised means of estimating this by the modification of an ordinary gas meter for the purpose. Again, pilots who wear well have good expiratory force, due to good abdominal muscles. This force can be tested by causing the candidate to blow against the pressure of a column of mercury. Soundness of heart is, of course, as essential as soundness of wind.

"The study of airplane accidents has proved of great value. The causes of these, so far as the pilot is concerned, are classified as error of judgment, loss of head, brain fatigue, fear, physical illness. Error of judgment is the commonest cause of all, and this most frequently occurs during the process of landing, 'flattening out' too soon, and so on. Fear is said to be rare, as the mind is too much occupied.

"The air has given us a new kind of fracture, comparable with the 'chauffeur's fracture' of early motoring days. It is called 'aviator's astragalus,' and consists of the breaking of one of the bones of the ankle.

"The author throws out the suggestion that flying may be found to have a therapeutic value. He recalls that Baldwin in 1786 heartily recommended balloon ascents for convalescents, and that Falmmarion ascended in a balloon with an attack of influenza on him, and when he came to earth he was completely cured."

Men Blinded In the War.

Does blindness make the brain more acute?

Undoubtedly. That is the only conclusion one can arrive at after reading of the achievements of blind heroes told by Sir Arthur Peterson in his wonderful story "Victory Over Blindness."

Not only have the thousands of men blinded in the war, nearly every one of whom have passed through St. Dunstan's, the hostel for blinded soldiers and sailors, learned new trades and occupations and succeeded in overcoming their big handicap so successfully that they have been able to take up their old positions, but in some cases they have actually gained bigger appointments.

One blinded officer who has returned to his employer is now not only in entire charge of the correspondence of his firm, but is solely responsible for the buying of one of the largest departments. He has also started a new business himself and obtained a Government contract.

A brilliant example of the manner in which a man who has lost his sight can carry on an important business position is afforded by a captain, who occupied the position of director of the foreign and colonial part of his firm's business. After studying at St. Dunstan's, he is now able to carry out his duties as though nothing had happened.

Furthermore, his fellow directors are dispatching him upon a world-tour to rebuild their foreign business, which has suffered from the war.

As masseurs, research chemists, solicitors, farmers, preachers, and writers, these blind heroes are, with indomitable courage and perseverance, competing with men who can see. Others are keeping shops, setting up as boot manufacturers and carpenters and joiners.

Never was a greater mistake made than to imagine, as many people do, that blindness means helplessness. After "learning to be blind," as Sir Arthur, who is himself sightless, so happily puts it, "they can do anything they think they can do."—Tit-Bits.

While they last we are selling genuine Autostrop Safety Razors, regular price $5.00, for $3.50, at WALLACE'S, the Leading Drug Store.

Na-Dru-co Tasteless Cod Liver Oil, builds up the system and prevents colds and Flu. Sold only at **NIXON'S.**

FOR SALE

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation have listed with me the properties of the late Uriah Wilson and John Wilson for sale. For prices and terms of sale apply to U. M. WILSON, Solicitor, Agent, Napanee, Ont. 39tf

SYMINGTON'S

Is the place to get the Following Goods :

FEEDS

Cotton Seed Meal, Ruby Chop Barley Feed. Cracked Corn. Feed Wheat, Etc.

SEEDS

Timothy, Alsike, Clover, Alfalfa, Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Etc.

Also Hen Supplies, Garden Seeds, and Plants.

THOS. SYMINGTON,
NAPANEE, ONT. 30-tf

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

New Store on Dundas St.,
Next to Miller's Livery.

FULL STOCK OF

Flour, Bran, Shorts, - Oil Cake, Hog Feed, Feed Flour, etc.

Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager
10tf

Special

Fresh caught White Fish, 20 cents per pound.

E. R. TODD
Market Meat Shop.

Kodak Work, Developing and printing a specialty—not amateur work—Try my films for good results. Bring them in and take home real pictures. Mail orders addressed to box 466 will receive prompt attention. Regular prices Terms, cash with order.

Mrs. R. Shipman,
John Street, two doors south of Express Printing House.

Why not give the bride **PYREX,** the up-to-date transparent oven ware for baking and serving. A complete line in stock at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

WONDERLAND

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Edith Roberts in "SET FREE." Also Arbuckle and Chaplin Comedy.

MONDAY

Goldwyn presents Tom Moore, in "ONE OF THE FINEST."

TUESDAY

Special attraction, Harry Carey in "BARE FISTS," a six reel Western Drama.

WEDNESDAY

Wm. Fox presents George Walsh in his newtime comedy, "PUTTING ONE OVER." Story of a double, an accident, a millionaire and a girl. Come prepared to laugh for this is the best thing Walsh has ever done.

Orchestra Tuesday night.

REGULAR ADMISSION, 6c & 11c

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Masters & Snider

Funeral Directors and Embalming

Successors to the late firm Carscallen Bros.

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Window Shades, Poles and Trimmings.

Carscallen Bros'. Old Stand
Centre Street, Napanee
Phone —Office 30, Residence 145.
8tf

Go to M. Taylor

For wrist watches, pocket watches, Onyx, Pearl, signet and diamond rings, cuff links, necklets, and all kinds of jewelery, wedding rings a specialty and shower presents. A full line of 1847 Rodgers cutlery always on hand. Marriage Licenses issued Personal attention to all watch repairing.

No goods delivered or sold on credit at Wallace's one cent sale Oct. 30, 31st, and Nov. 1st.

RECONSTRUCTION

is a word that has been mis-used for many purposes, but it can be properly apllied to our business, we are

SPECIALISTS

—in—

BUILDING and RECONSTRUCTION

and prepare plans and sketches and advise you on any class of Building Work.

Large Stocks of LUMBER, Lath, Shingles, Asphalt, Brantford, and other Roofings, Beaver Board, Wall Board Sheating Paper, etc.

METALLIC ROOFING

Company's products, Garages, Steel Shingles, Corrugated Sheets of highest quality.

Let me quote you on a Steel Barn or any other construction work.

W. D. MIDMER,

Lumber and Building Supplies.

Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.

'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.
45tf

Economical Housewives' Sale

TWO WEEKS ONLY

Everything at Reduced Prices.

Ladies Fleece Lined Underwear, regular $2.50 a suit for **$1.70**

Union Underwear, regular $1.50 a suit, for **$1.00.**

Wool Underwear, regular $2.50 for **$1.70.**

Children's Underwear, from **25 cents up.**

Men's Wool Underwear, regular $4.00 **for $2.50.**

Penman's Fleece Lined, regular $2.50 for **$1.70.**

Boys Fleece Underwear from **$1.00 a suit up.**

Flanellette Blankets from **$2.25** up to **$3.50,** over size.

Give us a call and see what you can save before buying elsewhere.

MICHAEL MAKER,

Madill's Old Stand, - Napanee, Ont.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A TRIAL

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP TOBACCO STORE

Best Attention, Careful Workmen
Quality Brands of Cigars,
Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, Proprietor

NEW SUITS
—AT—
$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of $15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

We are Continually Surprised

to hear someone whose eyes we are testing say—"I never had my eyes properly tested before, and did not think they could be the cause of my headaches, my nervousness or my inability to read and not get dull and sleepy.

We can test you and honestly advise whether an eye doctor is necessary, and generally save you dollars.

We are also expert in fitting the specialists prescriptions, saving you time and trouble in this.—All latest shapes Round-Oval-Leaf, invisible bifocals, shell rims, etc.

Testing Free—A. F. CHINNECK
at—
F. Chinneck's Jewellery Store

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53. ROBT. LIGHT.

NAPANEE DISTRICT W. M. S. CONVENTION

The twenty-fifth annual convention of the Women's Missionary Society of the Napanee District (Napanee Division) convened in Adolphustown Methodist Church on Wednesday, October the 8th, 1919, with the district superintendent, Mrs. Madole, presiding. She was assisted by the District Secretary, Mrs. G. I. Perry. Although the convention was held at the extreme end of the District both sessions were well attended and we were pleased to see a goodly number of gentlemen who seemed to enjoy the programme which was well chosen and very interesting without being too lengthy.

The morning session was opened by the creed, the missionary hymn "There is work to do for Jesus" and sentence prayers, followed by the Lord's Prayer.

Eleven auxiliaries, two circles, and six bands sent in satisfactory reports showing that good work is being done. They sent to the branch treasurer last year $2620-68 and raised so far this year $892.37. They have also added 56 new names to the membership roll.

The reports of superintendents of Christian stewardship, little light bearers, and associate helpers, showed that these departments were receiving due attention and that extra effort has been made the past year to interest the children.

The annual election of officers took place during the morning session, our district superintendent, Mrs. Madole, and our district secretary, Mrs. Perry, both being unanimously re-elected.

Mrs. Madole, in a short address brought a message from the Branch meeting. Our offering surpassed the objective of 20 per cent in funds by $617.35 but failed in the objective of twenty per cent increase in membership and fifteen new missionary candidates A new officer for the Auxiliaries has been created in the "Stranger's Secretary." Every child in the band of James Church, Peterborough prays publicly, ages six to fourteen. What is the offering we will bring this year of peace for our eighty noble women missionaries.

Mrs. Nathan Miller, Napanee, gave an unique and helpful reading paper on "Who is Our Neighbor and What is Our Duty to Him."

Thy neighbor ? It is he whom Thou
Hast power to aid and bless,
Whose aching heart or burning brow
Thy soothing hand may press.

War work showed us how easy it is to work for those across the seas. Saul said, "Lord what wilt Thou have me to do ?" and was made a chosen vessel. Jonah rebelled-from the Lord's work and was a calamity to those on board ship with him, so also was he a disaster are a calamity and a detriment to our neighbor. We must not wait for great opportunities but grasp just such as we have and the Lord will bless our efforts. Are we rendering a full loving service to the limit of our capabilities ?

Mrs. Metzler spoke of the great need of doctors, nurses and dentists in the foreign field, and our responsibility in regard to this matter.

Telephone—106.

Mrs. (Rev.) Farnsworth, of Selby, took charge of the Quiet Half Hour. She was assisted by Mrs. Higgins and Mrs. Bogart, who led in prayer. The Convention was greatly inspired by Mrs. Farnsworth's message which was given in such a sweet manner. The world's greatest treasure today are the words of Christ. They have touched, and are still touching men's hearts, and changing their whole lives. Our Auxiliaries must not get discouraged because nothing can separate us from the love of Christ, and through Him we are more than conquerors.

Miss Howie, our missionary who was present with us, spoke on the platform early in the day, and presented to the Convention, which rose to its feet in welcome.

During the morning session a duet and chorus was rendered by Adolphustown choir, and also a duet by Mrs. Bogart and Mrs. Sharpe of Morven, both of which were much appreciated.

Greetings from Adolphustown were given by Mrs. Allison of the Anglican church, and Mrs. Vandyke of the Methodist congregation. These were ably responded to in the afternoon session by Mrs. Bailey, of Sillsville.

At the noon hour the convention repaired to the basement of the church where the Adolphustown ladies served a bountiful dinner which was enjoyed by all.

The afternoon session was opened by a devotional service conducted by Mrs. Kaylor, of Morven, Mrs. F. Bogart, Bay Bay, and Mrs. Seymour, Carlow. Each Auxiliary responded to the roll call with a verse of scripture telling of "Our joy in Christ's service."

Miss Howie's beautiful address was the event of the afternoon. Her work is among the Orientals in Vancouver, and mostly Japanese work, as the mission home is in the Japanese quarters, and also our missionaries there understand the Japanese language, which knowledge opens the door of the Japanese home as nothing else would do. There is great need for some one understanding the Chinese language to look up that branch of the work in Vancouver. Miss Howie spoke of the great ability of the Japanese to become helpful Canadian citizens. We must christianize these foreigners among us if our future Canada is to be what it should be. She told of the joy and satisfaction of a missionary's life and asked that the mothers might be more willing to influence their daughters to take up this great work.

During the afternoon Major McConnell, the district organizer, gave a stirring temperance address, which was much appreciated. In fact a temperance spirit prevaded the whole meeting nearly every speaker touching on the subject, and at noon a straw ballot was passed and a vote taken by those present.

A missionary exercise was given by four little girls, Associate Helpers of the Young Auxiliary, during the afternoon, also Mrs. Rev. E. O. Seymour, of Bath, favored the convention with a sweet solo.

Mrs. Madole answered the "Question Drawer" to the satisfaction of all, and Mrs. G. I. Perry addressed the meeting presenting the needs of the Rest Fund.

Rev. Mr. Seymour, pastor of Adolphustown Circuit, brought to a close with the benediction, a most successful convention.

The Convention will be held at Wilton next year.

Proceeds of the day, $75.25.

E. ASSELSTINE,
Press Reporter.

If you do not get our one cent sale list in your mail, ask for one or drop us a card and we will mail one. Remember the dates, Oct 30 31st, and Nov. 1st. Wallace's Drug Store.

For Cocoa try T. & M. Cocoa, in pint jars for 30c. H. W. KELLY keeps it.

Popular sheet music, magazines' etc., at NIXON'S.

One cent buys a 25 cent can of Pearl Tooth powder at Wallace's one cent sale Oct. 30, 31 and Nov. 1. Bring your basket.

WILL DRAMATIZE RELIGION.

English Clergyman Makes Very Startling Proposal.

An English clergyman is in the field with the slightly startling proposition of establishing a theatre in London exclusively for the Christian Church.

His idea is that the message now being given from the pulpit can be amplified and strengthened by means of dramatic representations, and that a theatre controlled by the church and presenting only uplifting and beneficial productions will prove a potent factor in the uplift the whole all good men and women are hoping.

It is an interesting proposition, and one which, no doubt, will evoke a considerable amount of discussion. A good share of the discussion will be acrimonious, unless we miss our guess.

The stage was an instrument of the early church to impress religious truths or dogmas on the unlettered populace. The ancient mystery and morality plays performed a certain function in the religious education of the people and even the better educated classes derived intellectual refreshment and spiritual stimulation from them.

But to-day, in a more complex period of life, one is constrained to doubt whether a theatre conducted under ecclesiastical auspices and devoted frankly to religious and ethical uplift would prove the success which the good English vicar expects.

The English cleric believes that the people want the best and most uplifting things in the drama, and that the tawdry trash, the risque and sometimes frankly indecent productions which are offered in the theatres from time to time are an insult to their intelligence, which they resent.

To this the answer is that these plays are almost always successful from the standpoint of patronage. If the people did not want them they would not go to see them. And the managers, being astute business men, would speedily abandon such offerings.

The average sinner does not want to be preached to, even in church, very much. Which is the reason why so few of the average sinners attend church on novaras, and for the popularity of Sunday golf. And they will be likely to be much more chary of attending a church theatre, where they may justly apprehend they will be given preachments designed as entertainments.

On the whole, the general public, while many of them may be heartily in sympathy with a clergyman's idea of utilizing the undoubtedly great influence of the stage in the direction of religious development, will be inclined to feel that the experiment is foredoomed to failure.

And some of them will suggest that the clergymen who are getting down to brass tacks in their work, and are preaching the fundamental truths of life and religion, and who are gifted with the ability to present such truths so as to grip the minds and hearts of their hearers, do not require actors or theatres to help them in their work.

The theatre has one field of usefulness, and it is doing much good in that field, regardless of the more or less frequent occurrence of vicious and immoral productions. It could be made more, perhaps, but the church has its field of usefulness, which is susceptible of much wider development outside the ruts in which many of its leaders have slipped.

Mixing the two, however, will hardly appeal to the average man or woman, and it is the average man or woman to whom the proponents of any such plan must look for its success.

Mining Plumbago.

Plumbago, Ceylon's most important mineral product, is known all over the world for its lustre, lubricating, polishing, and blacking qualities. In appearance it is a strong black crystalline. There are now about one thousand plumbago mines in Ceylon, including all the shallow pits, open works, and deep mines. The depth varies from a few yards to as much as seven hundred feet. Most of the mines are worked by natives, the only important one controlled by Europeans being the Kahatovila. At the majority of the mines the only machinery used is the "Adamboy." This consists of a long wooden barrel with handles at each end. Round this a rope is given two or three turns and a bucket fastened to each end. It is worked by seven or eight men turning the handle.—Family Herald.

POULTRY MANAGEMENT

To Make the Farm Flock Pay Best Only One Must Have Charge.

Electric Lighting Is a Great Convenience on the Farm—Wiring Costs About $100, While a Small Plant Should Not Exceed $500.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

SUCCESSFUL poultry - keepers are found much more frequently among those who operate what is termed a "one-man plant" than elsewhere. This simply means that poultry require some one person's attention, or that personal attention is so important that it is usually not to be found efficient among the ordinary laborers.

Poultry know the time of day when it is customary to feed them, and, perhaps, equally as well all other daily tasks. They respond fairly well to the bond of sympathy of the feeder. If the feeder rushes into the pen and throws the feed around the poultry usually rush out of the way or out of the doors if they can get there. Fright reduces egg production. Particularly nervous hens, when badly frightened, sometimes cease laying for several days. The person caring for the poultry should be fond of them and take an interest in them. One's interest usually goes up or down with the production of the flock. To maintain keen interest when the production is low, or when the flock is out of condition, is the real test. If you hold on and study the flock, generally speaking, you will succeed.

A change of attendants, even when both are good at the work, nearly always means a decrease in production for some days. The careful feeder knows just about what fine or that flock requires as to quantity of feed, etc., and further, he or she usually goes about the work on a definite plan so that in time the birds learn just what to expect, not only as to time and quantity of feed given, but the movements of the attendant in the pen.

The writer ventures to assert that if the poultry on the farms of Ontario were, on each farm, given over to one person to look after, that there would be a very great increase in the success of the undertaking as well as a very large increase in the production; even as much as twenty-five per cent. in many instances.

No line of live stock responds more to careful attention than poultry. The boy or girl on the farm can learn much of how to feed and what to feed. They may learn something of the problems in breeding.

Successful poultry-keepers know that there is a time to hatch and rear, a time to cull, a time to sell, a time to clean and disinfect, as well as a time to feed.

Plenty of farmers are making money from poultry, but they know poultry does well only when given careful and systematic attention.—Prof. W. R. Graham, O. A. College, Guelph.

Principles of Electric Lighting.

In the year 1800, Volta, a famous Italian physicist, discovered that if a plate of copper and one of zinc were placed in weak sulphuric acid, and connected by a wire above the acid, there was transmitted along the wire a certain amount of energy, which transmission we speak of as a current of electricity, comparing it to a current of water. As it requires pressure or head to make water flow, so it requires electric pressure to make electricity flow. The pressure of the simple cell described above is called a volt, in honor of its discoverer. A dynamo generating 32 volts would have a pressure equal to that of 32 simple cells.

Electric energy passing through fine wires will heat them white hot, hence electricity may be used for lighting. Current for this purpose usually has a pressure of 110 volts, when supplied by light and power companies, but private plants usually generate only about 32 volts. All current generated by dynamos is alternating when made, i.e., it flows in one direction for half a revolution of the dynamo and then in the opposite direction during the other half, but by fitting the dynamo with a commutator (which means changer) these waves of current may all be sent in the same direction above the distribution lines. It is then called direct current or D.C.

Now alternating current, or A.C., may be used for lighting, just as well as D.C. If the alternations are very rapid the light is perfectly steady, but if too slow the lights will fluctuate in brightness, and the light in hand on the system. Many light and power companies supply A.C.

However, A.C. cannot be used to charge storage cells and hence portable plants which usually have storage batteries must be of the D.C. variety. This is also true of lighting systems for automobiles.

One-horse power will run 30 ordinary tungsten lamps, each giving from 12 to 24 candle-power, while if they are nitrogen filled each lamp will give about 45 c.p., hence it would take only about half as many to give the same light as before. As the ordinary farm probably would not require more than, say, four lights on an average of two hours per day, taking the whole year round, it is easily seen that the amount of power required is very small. The outlay for wiring the buildings varies a great deal with circumstances, but probably $100 would be a fair average.

Where one is too far from the distribution lines of any existing power plant he may install a small plant of his own. The original cost of these will run from $200 to $500, depending on size and type, and the interest on this amount would be the largest part of the cost of lighting the farm, the cost of running the plant being only a few cents per day. —R. R. Graham, B.S.A., O. A. College, Guelph.

WE WILL MAIL THE NAPANEE EXPRESS TO ANY NEW SUBSCRIBER FROM NOW UNTIL THE END OF 1920 FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Just Think ! one dollar bottle of Appetophites for one cent each at Wallace's one cent sale on Oct. 30, 31st, and Nov. 1st. Send us your name and we will mail you the full list.

THE VISIT OF THE PRINCE OF WALES

The Prince of Wales will end his Canadian tour in a few days much to the regret of all Canadian. He has certainly endeared himself to all who have had the good fortune to meet him. A splendid portrait of the Prince, size 16 x 22 inches and bearing a copy of the Prince's autograph, has been issued by the Family Herald and Weekly Star, Montreal. Every subscriber for 1920 is to receive a copy of the portrait free. The Family Herald and Weekly Star has been vastly improved lately and is without doubt the greatest value for the money the world over. The subscription price is $1.25 a year including the Prince's portrait. Old and young, rich and poor, the Family Herald and Weekly Star is a great favorite and the publishers are to be congratulated in supplying such a handsome portrait of the Prince. As might have been expected The Family Herald and Weekly Star's circulation is increasing by leaps and bounds. It is in the highest sense a great paper.

Kodaks and supplies for sale at WALLACE'S, sole agents for Napanee.

H. W. KELLY has cookingbutter for 40c. per lb.

TORONTO COUPLE BOTH GRATEFUL

Holman Says he Believes Taniac Saved His Life—Wife Joins in Praising it.

"I actually don't believe I would be alive to-day if it hadn't been for taniac" said John Holman of 163 Chestnut street, Toronto, Ont.

"I had suffered from nervousness and stomach trouble for about two years, " he continued, "I had no desire to eat and was wasting away to nothing. I suffered terribly from indigestion, my nerves went all to pieces and I became so weak that I couldn't do a day's work. Many a night I would be unable to get a wink of sleep and I would get up feeling so weak and nervous I could hardly drag myself around.

"I tried all kinds of medicines but got no better. Finally my wife induced me to try Taniac, so I got me a bottle and it certainly has done me a world of good. My appetite is great and I can now eat anything without having indigestion afterwards, my nerves are stronger and I sleep fine every night and feel better and stronger than I have in a long time. I have gained one in weight, too, and my wife and I both feel so grateful for what Taniac has done for me that we want everybody to try this wonderful medicine. Why I simply wouldn't be without it for anything."

Taniac is sold in Napane at WALLACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East by R. J. OSTER, in Wagarville by S. JACKSON. (advt)

Have you tried Ingersoll Cream Cheese for lunches. H. W. KELLY has a fresh shipment in.

AN UNKNOWN MAN KILLED BY TRAIN AT COLLINS BAY

The body of a man was found alongside the railway tracks at Collins Bay on Thursday of last week. He had been hit by a train but by one is not yet known. The remains were taken to Kingston Junction and from there to James Reid's undertaking parlors, Kingston, where they were examined by the coroner, who found it necessary to hold an inquest.

There were some identification marks on the body, being a tattoo mark " E. L." on the left forearm, and a gunshot wound, healed up, in the left side. The body had military underwear and it is thought in view of the wound the deceased was a returned soldier.

OVER A BILLION SAVED BY PEOPLE

Some Striking Figures of Savings Deposits From Bank Statement for August

THE bank statement for August supplies encouraging evidence of the promising manner in which Canada is tackling her problem of economic adjustment. It shows that deposits in savings banks have gone up $184,000,000 compared with August last year, and this, notwithstanding the fact that a considerable portion of the $600,000,000 raised by the Victory loan last year represented savings deposits.

The figures for August show a total of $1,196,632,931 and the depositors in savings banks are thus in the happy position of being able to subscribe the $300-000,000 asked for during the present Victory loan campaign almost four times over.

With such gratifying evidence of prosperity as these figures furnish the success of the new and final Victory loan should be outstanding.

Vote for WOODS and the new Government.

GREAT ASSISTANCE TO EXPORT TRADE

Navy League is Training Young Canadians for Service on the Seas

A great shipbuilding programme is being undertaken in Canada. Shipping facilities must be enormously increased in order that Canada can properly support the share of export trade which is necessary if the business conditions of the nation are to flourish. The Navy League of Canada is engaged in a patriotic work training Canadian boys to man ships which will carry the surplus products of the Dominion to the world's markets. This is being accomplished through the work of Naval Brigades which it has established and is operating in Charlettown, Halifax, Montreal, Toronto, Saskatoon, Calgary, Victoria, and Nanaimo. Other branches must be organized and maintained for it is very necessary that the younger generation of Canadians should have full opportunity for free training in seamanship. Their service is required in the merchant marine, which means so much for Canada's prosperity.

Funds for the carrying on of this important work will come from the proceeds of the Nelson Day campaign for $500,000 of which Ontario's quota is $225,000 including $125,000 from Toronto. The campaign for Toronto (October 21, 22, 23, and all classes of the community are asked to contribute liberally.

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Long Live The King

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

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One by one the council did the same thing.

King Otto straightened his shoulders and put away the handkerchief. It had occurred to him that he was a man now and must act a man's part in the world.

"May I see him?" he asked. "I—didn't see him before."

"Your people are waiting, sire," the chancellor said gravely. "To a ruler, his people must come first."

And so, in the clear light from the room behind him, Otto the Ninth first stood before his people. They looked up, and hard eyes grew soft, tense muscles relaxed. They saw the erectness of the small figure, the steadiness of the blue eyes that had fought back their tears, the honesty and fire and courage of this small boy who was the king.

Lest such of the revolutionists as remained mistrust before the parliament house, Lot the flames burn and the drums beat. The solid citizens, the great mass of the people, looked up at the king and cheered mightily. Revolution had that night received its death blow at the hands of a child. The mob prepared to go home to bed.

While King Otto stood on the balcony, down below in the crowd an American woman looked up, and suddenly caught her husband by the arm.

"Robert," she said, "Robert, it is Bobby's little friend!"

"Nonsense!" he retorted. "It's rather dramatic, isn't it? Nothing like this at home! See, they've crowned him already."

But Bobby's mother looked with the clear eyes of most women, and all mothers.

"They have not crowned him," she said, smiling, with tears in her eyes. "The absurd little king! They have forgotten to take off his paper crown!"

* * * * * * * *

The dead king lay in state in the royal chapel. Tall candles burned at his head and feet, set in long black standards. His uniform lay at his feet, his cap, his sword. The flag of his country was draped across him. He looked very rested.

In a small private chapel nearby lay old Adelbert. They could not do him too much honor. He, too, looked rested, and he, too, was covered by the flag, and no one would have guessed that a part of him had died long before, and lay buried on a battlefield. It was, unfortunately, his old uniform that he wore. They had added his regimental flag to the national one, and on it they had set his shabby cap. He, too, might have been a king. There were candles at his head and feet, also; but alas, he had now no sword.

Thus it happened that old Adelbert the traitor lay in state in the palace, and that monks, in long brown robes, knelt and prayed by him. Perhaps he needed their prayers. But perhaps, in the great accounting, things are balanced up, the good against the bad. In that case, who knows?

The palace mourned and the palace rejoiced. Haeckel had told what he knew and the leaders of the terrorists were in prison. Some, in high places, would be hanged with a silken cord, as was their due. And others would be esthetically disposed of. The way was not yet clear ahead, but the crisis was passed and safely.

Early in the evening, soon after he had appeared on the balcony, the court had sworn fealty to Otto the Ninth. He had stood on the dais in the throne room, very much washed and brushed by that time, and the ceremony had taken place. Such a shout from relieved throats as went up, such a clatter as swords were drawn from scabbards and held upright in the air.

"Otto!" they cried. And again, "Otto."

The little king had turned quite pale with excitement.

Late in the evening Nikky Larisch went to the council room. The council had dispersed, and Mettlich sat alone. When Nikky was announced he frowned. Then, very faintly, he smiled. But he was stern enough when the young soldier entered. Nikky came to the point at once.

"I have come," he said, "to know what I am to do, sir."

"Do?" asked the chancellor, coldly.

"Whether the crown—whether the king is safe or not," said Nikky, looking dogged and not at all now like the picture of his mother. "I am guilty of—of all that happened."

The chancellor had meant to be very hard. But he had come through a great deal, and besides, he saw something Nikky did not mean him to see. He was used to reading men. He saw that the boy had come to the breaking point.

"Sit down," he said, "and tell me about it."

But Nikky would not sit. He stood, looking straight ahead, and told the story. He left nothing out, the scene on the roof, his broken promise.

"Although," he added, his only word of extenuation, "God knows I tried to keep it."

Then the message from Countess Loschek, and his long wait in her boudoir, to return to the thing he had found. As he went on, the chancellor's hand touched a button.

"Bring here at once Countess Loschek," he said, to the servant who came. "Take two of the guard, and bring her."

Then, remembering the work he had to do, he took another sip of milk. "These things you have done," he said to Nikky, "and weak and wicked enough they are. But, on the other hand, you found the king."

"Others found him also. Besides, that does not affect my guilt, sir," said Nikky steadily.

Suddenly the chancellor got up and, going to Nikky, put both hands on his shoulders.

* * * * * * *

Quite to the end now, with the countess not in her rooms or anywhere in the palace. With the bonfires burned to cold ashes, and the streets deserted. With the police making careful search for certain men whose names Haeckel had given, and tearing frenzied placards from the walls. With Miss Braithwaite still lying in her drugged sleep, watched over by the sisters who had cared for the dead king, and with Karl, across the mountains, dreaming of a bride who would never be his.

Quite to the end. Only a word or two now, and we may leave the little king to fulfill his splendid destiny. Not a quiet life, we may be certain. Perhaps not a very peaceful or untroubled one. But a brave and steadfast and honorable one, be sure of that.

What should we gain by following Olga Loschek, eating her heart out in England, of the committee of ten, cowering in its cells? They had failed, as she wicked, sooner or later, must fail. Of Karl, growing fat in a prosperous land, alike greedy for conquest and too indolent for battle?

To finish the day, then, and close with midnight.

Nikky first, a subdued and rather battered Nikky. He was possessed by a desire, not indeed unknown to lovers, to revisit the place where he and Hedwig had met before. The roof—no less. Not even then that he hoped for himself any more than he had hoped before. But at least it could not be Karl.

Strangely enough, Hedwig also had had a fancy to visit the roof. She could not sleep.

So she had dismissed her maid and gone through Hubert's rooms to the roof. Nikky found her there.

Hedwig did not turn her head. She knew his steps, had really known he must come, since she was calling him, actually calling, with all her determined young will. Oh, she was shameless!

But now that he had come, it was Nikky who implored, and Hedwig who held off.

"My only thought in all the world," he said. "Can you ever forgive me? This was tactless. No lover should ever remind his lady that he has withstood her.

"For what?" said Hedwig coolly. "For loving you so." This was much better, quite strategic, indeed. A trench gained!

"Do you really love me? I wonder."

But Nikky was tired of words, and rather afraid of them. They were not his weapons. He trusted more, as has been said somewhere else, in his two strong arms.

"Too much ever to let you go," he said. Which means nothing unless we take it for granted that she was in his arms. And she was, indeed.

The king having been examined and given some digestive tablets by the court physicians—a group which, strangely enough, did not include Doctor Weiderman—had been given a warm bath and put to bed.

There was much formality as to the process now, several gentlemen clinging to their hereditary right to hang around and be nuisances during the ceremony. But at last he was left alone with Oskar.

Alone, of course, as much as a king is ever alone, which, what with extra sentries and so on, is not exactly solitary confinement.

"Oskar!" said the king from his pillow.

"Majesty!"

Oskar was gathering the royal garments, which the physicians had ordered burned, in case of germs.

"Did you ever eat American ice cream?"

"No, majesty. Not that I recall."

"It is very delicious," observed the king, and settled down in his sheets. He yawned, then sat up suddenly—"Oskar!"

"Yes, majesty!"

"There is something in my trousers pocket. I almost forgot it. Please bring them here."

Sitting up in bed, and under Oskar's disapproving eye, because he, too, was infected with the germ idea, King Otto the Ninth felt around in his small pockets, until at last he had found what he wanted.

"Have I a small box anywhere, a very small box?" he inquired.

"The one in which your majesty's seal ring came is here. Also there is one in the study which contained crayons."

"I'll have the ring box," said his majesty.

And soon the Lincoln penny rested up a cushion of white velvet, on which were the royal arms.

King Otto looked carefully at the penny and then closed the lid.

"Whenever I am disagreeable, Oskar," he said, "or don't care to study, or—or do things that you think my grandfather would not have done, I wish you'd bring me this box. You'd better keep it near you."

He lay back and yawned again.

"Did you ever hear of Abraham Lincoln, Oskar?" he asked.

"I—I have heard the name, majesty," Oskar ventured cautiously.

"My grandfather thought he was a great—man." His voice trailed off. "I—should—like—"

The excitements and sorrows of the day left him gently. He stretched his small limbs luxuriously, and half turned upon his face. Oskar, the hated disorder, drew the covering in stiff and geometrical exactness across his small figure, and tiptoed out of the room.

Some time after midnight the chancellor passed the guard and came into the room. There, standing by the bed, he prayed a soldier's prayer, and into it went all his hopes for his country, his grief for his dead comrade and sovereign, his loyalty to his new king.

King Otto, who was, for all the digestive tablets, not sleeping well, roused and saw him there, and sat upright at once.

"Is it morning?" he asked, blinking.

"No, majesty. Lie down and sleep again."

"Would you mind sitting down for a little while? That is, if you are not sleepy."

"I am not sleepy," said the chancellor, and drew up a great chair. "If I stay, will you try to sleep?"

"Do you mind if I talk a little? It may make me drowsy."

"Talk if you like, majesty," said the old man.

King Otto eyed him gravely.

"Would you mind if I got on your knee?" he asked, almost timidly. In all his life no one had so held him, and yet Bobby, that very evening, had climbed on his father's knee as though it was very generally done. "I would like to try how it feels."

"Come, then," said the chancellor.

The king climbed out of bed and up on his lap. His chancellor reached over and dragged a blanket from the bed.

"For fear of a cold!" he said, and draped it about the little figure. "Now, how is that?"

"It is very comfortable. May I put my head back?"

Long, long years since the chancellor had sat thus, with a child in his arms. His sturdy old arms encircled the boy closely.

"I want to tell about running away," said the king, wide-eyed in the dusk. "I am sorry. This time I am going to promise not to do it again."

"Make the promise to yourself, majesty. It is the best way."

"I will. I intend to be a very good king."

"God grant it, majesty."

"Like Abraham Lincoln?"

"Like Abraham Lincoln," said the chancellor gravely.

The king, for all his boasted wakefulness, yawned again, and squirmed closer to the old man's breast.

"And like my grandfather," he added.

"God grant that, also."

This time it was the chancellor who yawned, a yawn that was half a sigh. He was very weary, and very sad.

Suddenly, after a silence, the king spoke: "May a king do anything he wants?"

"Not at all," said the chancellor hastily.

"But, if it will not hurt the people? I want to do two things, or have two things. They are both quite easy." His tone was anxious.

"What are they?"

"You wouldn't like to promise first, would you?"

The chancellor smiled in the darkness.

"Good strategy, but I am an old soldier, majesty. What are they?"

"First, I would like to have a dog; one to keep with me."

"—probably that can be arranged."

"Thank you. I do want a dog. And—" he hesitated.

"Yes, majesty?"

"I am very fond of Nikky," said the king. "And he is not very happy. He looks sad, sometimes. I—I would like him to marry Hedwig, so we can all be together the rest of our lives."

The chancellor hesitated. But, after all, why not? He had followed ambition all his life, and where had it brought him? In old man, whose only happiness lay in this child in his arms.

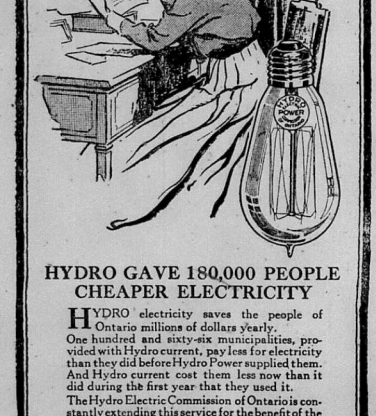
"Perhaps," he said gently, "that can be arranged also."

The night air blew softly through the open windows. The little King smiled, contentedly, and closed his eyes.

"I'm getting rather sleepy," he said. "But if I'm not too heavy, I'd like you to hold me a little longer."

"You are not too heavy, majesty."

Soon the chancellor, worn out with one day, but with many, was nodding.



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Finally They Both Slept.

His eyes closed under his fierce eyebrows. Finally they both slept. The room was silent.

Something tipped out of the little king's hand and rolled to the floor.

It was the box containing the Lincoln penny.

[THE END.]

INDUSTRIAL PEACE.

Plans Made by Government to Avoid Social Trouble.

More than once, during the past four years, Canada has given the lead to other countries in the matter of settling great questions, whilst on all the many issues of international concern, for the settlement of which the times are making demand, the Dominion is well in the van of progress. This is notably the case in regard to the labor situation. In Canada, as in every land of unrest, the labor world is in a state of flux, and the Dominion is very far from being exempt from the evil agitation of the extremist, whether it be in the form of Bolshevism or One-Big-Unionism or any other form of revolutionary Socialism. Indeed, according to Mr. C. H. Cahan, head of the Canadian Department of Public Safety, the Bolshevist and Socialist element in Canada is of a peculiarly vicious type, and, only a few weeks ago, he made the statement that, in his opinion, it needed to be dealt with promptly and fearlessly.

In Canada, perhaps, more than in any other country, passing through a similar experience, Bolshevism in all its phases is seen to be largely parasitic on the life of the country. Its spread is almost entirely confined to alien elements, as is abundantly shown by the fact that the great mass of the Bolshevist literature, recently seized by the authorities, was printed in the languages other than English. Revolutionary Socialism, of course, attracts to its ranks a certain number of Canadians, but that the great bulk of Canadian labor is quite free from the taint, and genuinely desirous of coming to an understanding with capital is quite evident from the course of events since the signing of the armistice. Thus, speaking in the Canadian upper house, a short time ago, Senator Gideon Robertson, the Minister of Labor, was able to tell how the Government had recently conferred with representative employers and with representative labor leaders; how it had laid before these representatives the course of action it proposed to take, asking for expressions of opinion; and how, in both cases, the proposed Government action had won nothing but approval.

Senator Robertson then went on to explain that the Government proposed to appoint a small commission, of five or seven men, who would absolutely command the confidence of the public, and to ask them to proceed to all the centres of industry to survey the situation; to get all the facts; and, before May 15, to let the Government have their recommendations as to what should be done in the interests of both labor and capital. Upon that report, he said, and upon those recommendations, the Government proposed basing a Government policy for the promotion of greater harmony in the industrial and labor world.

The great aim of this joint commission will, of course, be to discover what are the possibilities of joint control, and it is in joint control that Senator Robertson quite evidently sees the solution of the problem. In his statement to the Senate he did not ignore the fact that it would be easier to bring about joint control in some industries than in others, but he was quite definite concerning the point that, wherever it was instituted, it would, at once, result in increased production. Employers, he declared, sometimes made the charge that increased wages brought no corresponding increased efficiency from the working man. That charge, he granted, was, in some measure, true, but he was of opinion that if there were joint control, if the employes were jointly interested with the employer in the success of the industry, all would be very different. Such matters are, of course, all questions which the future will decide. But the fact that the great problem is being grappled with in this same spirit of understanding and good will has already gone a long way toward its solution.

A PLUCKY OPERATOR.

He Prevented Supply of Coal Reaching German Ship.

Behind the curt references, made in legal formality, in the British law courts recently lies a story of the sea that would have fired the imagination and spooled the pen of Jules Verne or Clark Russell. The central figure is a young Englishman.

From the first there must have been something sinister attaching to the fate of the American steamship Edna, also known at times as Jason and Masetian.

On a certain voyage she was fitted with a wireless installation, and carried as operator a young Britisher, Guy Duncan Smith, who was in the employ of the American Marconi Co. of New York.

In the guise of a Mexican vessel the ship, just after war had been declared between Russia and Germany, made San Francisco and took on board a great cargo of coal. Young Smith was suspicious, and before leaving port discovered that the coal aboard the German-Mexican vessel was intended for the German corsair Leipzig.

Smith was astounded to learn that a German wireless operator was to be taken on board, and was informed that if he refused duty the Teuton would take his place! It was then that Smith found that the German did not understand the Marconi system, but was acquainted only with the German "Telefunken" brand.

At once Smith decided that no messages of his should assist his country's enemies. He shortened the length of the sound waves and "hocussed the enemy into the belief that he was sending out calls for the Leipzig when he was doing actually —nothing at all."

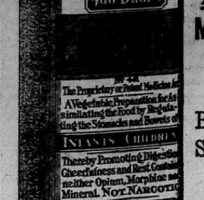
But one day the captain ordered him to get into direct touch with the raider and gave him the code word "Dans." Smith knew that to refuse might bring the reward of a bullet. Nevertheless he refused. The German operator was sent for, but before he could arrive Smith short-circuited the "tone" of the wireless and the wave-length was altered. Sparks were seen in the wireless room but nothing radiated from the aerial!

The Telefunken operator was puzzled. For three days and three nights he tried to call the Leipzig, but in vain. The captain was compelled to reinstate Smith, and it was then that the Marconi operator gave his final display of courageous cleverness. With shrewd foresight he made a great show of calling up the Leipzig. He called her for hours on end, but he took equal care to get his messages "cross purposed."

It was only when the vessel reached Le Paz that Smith found he could use the instrument.

A Former Canadian Speaks.

A striking speech showing the rising temper of those opposed to the attitude of the triple alliance of Labor, was made by Lord Lee, of Fareham, at a recent dinner, the Labor Minister being present. Lord Lee, formerly of the Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont., submitting the toast to "Trade and Commerce," said he hoped the Labor Minister would be able to persuade the labor of the country that the extremists had misread the lessons of the war. The lesson, he said, was not to be threatening the community and employers, but to recognize that unless Labor joined hands and made a unionized effort towards increased output, it wouldn't be the capitalists who would suffer most. Britain's allies and enemies would go ahead and capture the trade of the world upon which the very existence of the workclasses depends. He proceeded: "But if we have to have this thing out before we can settle conditions of trade, then let us have it fought out as soon as possible. It is far better that we should face it. If Labor is determined to have a fight in the same spirit of German militarism of five years ago, let us have it now. I believe the community is strong enough to organize itself and deal with the peril. Anyhow, it is no good feeding the tigers with buns."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The Proprietors of Infant Medicine Say:
A Wide Field for Preparations for Infants Simulating the Food by Imitating the Stomachic and Bowels of
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Thereby Promoting Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest, Containing neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC
A helpful Remedy for Constipation and Diarrhoea and Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP resulting therefrom in Infancy.
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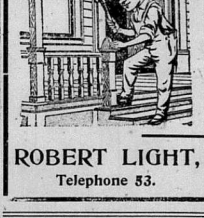

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No. 1 $65.00 Terms if you wish No. 2 $85.00

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SHILOH quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

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Only Tablets with "Bayer Cross" are Aspirin—No others!

BAYER

If you don't see the "Bayer Cross" on the tablets, refuse them—they are not Aspirin at all.

There is only one Aspirin, that marked with the "Bayer Cross"—all other tablets are only acid imitations.

Look for the "Bayer Cross"! Then it is real Aspirin, for which there is no substitute.

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Genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" have been proved safe by millions for Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuritis.

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Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

MARKETING FRUIT.

It Should Be Carefully Picked and Graded.

Profits in fruit growing depend upon the manner in which fruit is harvested and marketed more than upon any other element. Picking, grading, packing and selling really constitute one operation, since all help toward one object—the placing of the fruit in the hands of the consumer in the best possible condition.

A good way to tell when to pick most fruits is to lift them gently; if they are ready to pick they will start from the spur or stem easily when given a slight twist. The state of maturity at which apples can best be picked depends upon the varieties and the purposes for which they are intended. Summer varieties for local markets should not be gathered until fully ripe. Fall and winter varieties should be picked before the mellowing process begins. Pears should be picked a little greener. Peaches, plums, and grapes are best when picked at the stage when they have colored well but are still firm and hard. Always be sure in harvesting to leave the stems on all fruit except peaches and some plums.

As soon as possible after the fruit is removed from the trees get it into cold-storage. Some of the best growers do not allow picked fruit to remain in the orchard more than thirty minutes. Fruit cooled quickly will keep longer and in much better condition than that left to lie around.

The most important operation in preparing fruit for market is the grading. There is a vast difference of opinion in regard to this operation and many attempts have been made to establish some system of universal grading. Various local conditions and methods of production influence the characteristics of most fruits so that it is almost impossible to give definite specifications that will suit all conditions. Fruits marked for a certain grade or class should comply with the standard requirements of that class in every respect. They should be fully developed; of uniform size and color, characteristic of the variety; free from insect injury or disease.

Many growers do not consider the relation the package bears to the selling value of the fruit. Should the market want your fruit in baskets, ship in baskets. If barrels are called for, use barrels. Boxes are becoming more and more popular and deservedly so. No matter what style of package is used, maintain the standard of quality and pack. Aim to give the trade what it wants in the way in which it is wanted. —John Carmody, Michigan Agricultural College.

Poultry Notes.

A meal made by grinding blue mussels after they have been dried at a high temperature, has been found a good substitute poultry feed by the Danes, who were driven to the adoption of extreme measures for maintaining their live stock during the war. Under analysis, the meal shows a high percentage of nitrogen and lime.

The poultryman's part in the scheme of good marketing is to bring good eggs to market. To accomplish this he should market his eggs frequently; not let them accumulate.

Whitewash can be applied with a large brush, but best results are secured by using the mixture as a spray. An ordinary hand-power spray pump is well suited for spraying the interior of a hen-house.

As soon as the hen has done hatching, examine the brood, remove broken shells and unhatched eggs from the nest, and water and feed the hen. Then shut her up on the nest over night and the chickens will be bright, lively and hungry in the morning.

Tack up a record sheet in each hen pen, then mark down the number of eggs collected each day, also the amount and kind of feed served every 24 hours.

More Poultry.

Keep better poultry: Standard-bred poultry increases production and improves the quality.

Select vigorous breeders: Healthy, vigorous breeders produce strong chicks.

Hatch the chicks early: Early hatched pullets produce fall and winter eggs.

Preserve eggs for home use: Preserve when cheap for use when high in price.

BANKING IS NEGLECTED

YOUNG FARMERS OUGHT TO BE BUSINESS-LIKE.

Many Benefits Are to Be Derived From the Use of Banks, and Organizations of Young Farmers Should Teach Business Principles to Members.

One of the greatest benefits organizations of young farmers could do for agriculture would be to apply straight business principles to farming, and of these principles perhaps one of the most neglected is that of banking. For some reason or other a great many men seem afraid of a bank manager, and will not let him know any more of their business affairs than they have to. In fact, if it is necessary to borrow a hundred dollars for a short time, most men would rather borrow from some friend or someone who had a little money to loan, rather than go to the bank for it. One of the most unfortunate things about farming is that so many of the purchases made are made on credit. A man will go to a sale in the spring and fall and buy a mower, or a cow, or team of horses, giving his note for six or eight months with interest. If he finds it necessary to do much buying and attends many sales, it isn't long before his notes get scattered all over the country, unless he is in the fortunate position of being able to pay cash.

The farm implement dealer does most of his business, or a goodly share of it, on the credit basis, and no farmer need think that he can buy for cash. The whole farm implement business is based on credit sales, and it would be the greatest possible folly on the part of the manufacturer if he did not base his price on the manner in which the payments were to be made. John Smith goes to an implement dealer and buys a new binder, giving his note for the amount, half of it being payable perhaps after the crop has been sold in the fall, and the other half the following year. In the course of three or four years this thing becomes a regular habit, with the result that there is a constant worry on the part of those not in well-to-do circumstances about the notes that are scattered over the country.

The other day we met a young man who started farming for himself several years ago, and who has always done a cash business so far as the outside world is concerned, ever since he started. He believes that getting time on a thing is just like borrowing so much money from the man you buy the goods of, and he made up his mind early in the game that he would not be borrowing from everybody in the country. His method was very simple. When he first started farming he got acquainted with his banker and told him just what his financial circumstances were. He told him that he would probably find it necessary to do some borrowing from time to time, but that he wanted to do his borrowing all in one place, and that place was the bank. Ever since then he has pursued that same policy, never giving a sale note nor a note to an implement dealer.

His banker knows him well, and is kept posted from time to time on his financial circumstances. The farmer himself does not hesitate at any time to tell the banker just what his financial condition is, or what his prospects are. He believes that the banker is responsible for the use of the money in his care, and especially since it belongs to the depositors in the bank he must not loan it out unless he is absolutely certain that it will be repaid. Moreover, this farmer looks upon his banker, in a sense, as his financial adviser, although he may not trouble him for advice very often. He pays everything by cheque, and always knows where he stands. He never need owe anybody money except the bank, and if for some reason or other it becomes necessary to overdraw his account he pays by cheque and calls up his banker by telephone, asking him to honor it when presented. This means that he has overdrawn his account, and must settle up with the bank by taking out a temporary loan for thirty or sixty days the first time he comes into town.

This man has little patience with men who are always giving notes for whatever they have to buy. He pays cash for everything, and his banker is the only man, apart from himself, who knows what his financial circumstances are. A great many men are angry with the banker if they ask for a loan and are requested to give some account of their financial condition. They think that is none of the banker's business, but will go out the next day and give a note for $100 and perhaps scurry round in the crowd at a sale to get someone who will back their note, if the clerk of the sale does not happen to know and feel confident of their ability to pay.—Farmers' Advocate.

Chopped Stuff.

A recent census of New York shows 5,000 milking machines in operation in that state.

It is estimated that the alfalfa crop in the Lethbridge irrigated district will be worth $1,000,000 this season.

Labor scarcity has resulted in the more general use of milking machines, even in small herds, throughout the province.

A carload of butter, made up of 900 boxes containing 56 pounds in each box, was shipped from the Yorkton creamery recently. The value of the shipment exceeds $25,000. It was consigned to a distributing firm in Vancouver.

France to Import Holsteins.

France will import a large number of Holstein grades from Canada and the United States in a few months, according to a report from the Holstein Breeders' Association. The exact number of animals has not been stated, but it is said the figure may be as high as 100,000.

A Farmers' Picnic.

A picnic is essentially a community institution, and hence appeals to all farmers. It is a most practical and effective getting together and should promote good fellowship and neighborly feeling. There can be no doubt that a farmers' picnic may be made a valuable factor in promoting the social ends held in view by the Farmers' Association.

Ontario farmers are preparing to sow a larger acreage of fall wheat this fall.

NATURE'S MIRROR

When a woman is well and healthy—there's a sparkle in her eyes, a rose tint in her cheeks, and she has rich red blood. There's elasticity in every movement and a spring in her step. Love comes to every woman who has bounding health—but when she is pallid, dull eyed, languid, she has no magnetism nor does she appeal to any man.

Such a change in feelings and looks!

After suffering pain, feeling nervous, dizzy, weak and dragged down by weaknesses of her sex—with eyes sunken, black circles and pale cheeks—such a woman is quickly restored to health by the Favorite Prescription of Dr. Pierce. Changed, too, in looks, for after taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription the skin becomes clear, the eyes brighter, the cheeks plump. It is purely vegetable, contains no alcohol.

Druggists sell it in tablets or liquid. Send Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y., 10c for trial package.

PLOUGHING IN AUTUMN

SOME OF THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS SYSTEM.

It Saves a Great Deal of Work During the Spring Rush, But Expert Issues Warning That There Are Times When It May Prove Harmful—Farmers Must Make Study of Soil.

In a short time many farmers will be deciding whether certain fields will be ploughed this fall or next spring. A timely article in a bulletin published by the Michigan State Agricultural College may help to solve the question.

Where the land is inclined to be light it should be remembered that fall ploughing will, owing to the uneven surface, help to conserve moisture for the following year. The water collected there during the winter, alternately freezing and thawing, helps to break down clods and tends to put soil in a better condition of tilth for spring crops.

One of the great advantages of fall ploughing is that this work is out of the way of the spring rush, thus giving a better distribution of labor. This is an important matter at present because of the shortage of farm labor, and especially should the following spring be late, necessitating hasty spring ploughing or working the ground when it is too wet. By fall ploughing many weeds may be buried before they mature seeds, giving a better control on these pests, and causing them to decay and be changed to plant food before seeding the land. If done at the right time fall ploughing may destroy insects and worms by exposing them to the elements and the eyes of the birds that feed upon them.

In regard to depth of fall ploughing care should be taken not to go too deeply into the subsoil at any one time, and turn too much of this raw soil up towards the surface. It is safe to plough as deeply as the surface soil will permit, especially for beets, potatoes or corn. Fall ploughing may be done when the soil is over dry or over wet, providing the soil will recover from the harmful effects liable to be produced before seeding. Working some soils in this manner and the packing effects of heavy rains on some soils, however, may cause them to run together and destroy the benefits derived from freezing and thawing. It is on soils that exhibit this tendency that fall ploughing may not be advantageous. They may not recover mellowness or good tilth for two or three years, and may require more fitting in the spring than if spring ploughed in the proper condition of moisture. In this case the land should be worked as early as possible in the spring to prevent drying and hardening of the soil. Drainage and the ploughing under of manure and green manuring crops will tend to overcome this harmful tendency.

The kind of soil and conditions that will usually give the farmer great advantages from fall ploughing over spring ploughing then, is one that is comparatively level, fairly well drained with a reasonable supply of vegetable matter—one that is not easily puddled by heavy rains or recovers readily from the effects of these harmful influences.

Farm Gate Easy to Handle.

If there are any two-flanged pulleys about the place they may be made to serve as gate hangers quite satisfactorily. Two old well pulleys will do, writes D. R. Van Horn in Oklahoma Farmer. Put them on the gate post with long lag screws and nail a strip of old iron to the lower edge of the panels that are to run on the wheels. Strap iron from the top of an old wagon box will do for this purpose. An iron rod placed as shown in the drawing keeps the gate from being dismounted and thrown off. This makes a handy gate for the cattle lots but is too insecure for hogs.

Gate for Cattle Lots.

Shiloh 25¢

The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

ROTATION NEEDED.

One-Crop System Cannot Be Continued on Prairie.

There has recently been published by Prof. John Bracken, B.S.A., of the University of Saskatchewan, a bulletin on pasture crops for that province. Prof. Bracken takes a strong stand against the "one-crop system" that, perhaps of necessity, has been the rule on the prairie farm, and declares that the cost of production must be lowered if the farmer is to continue to secure his rate of profit. The circular says in part:

"There is every evidence that the increase of soil drifting, the spread of weeds, and the injury to crops from drought and frost are not only lowering the yields on our western soils, but are at the same time seriously increasing the cost of crop production.

"To offset or remedy the first two conditions and to lessen the danger from the last two, it seems essential that in many parts of the province two things must be done: replace the one-crop system by a more diversified one, and introduce more live stock. These changes will aid very materially in controlling weeds and drifting soils, and in lessening the danger from drought or frost. They do these at a very small maintenance cost to the farmer. Of course an initial expenditure for fences, building and stock is necessary. Tillage, on the other hand, while it helps to control these conditions, does so at a heavy and ever-increasing annual cost.

"The best crops to use and the order in which they should follow vary under different conditions, and must be determined by the man himself. At this time in our agricultural history no plans that have stood the test of time are available. They have yet very largely to be developed, and the farmer and experimental station must work them out together."

Prof. Bracken then goes on to enumerate the advantages and drawbacks of annuals, biennials and perennials, and in the summary states:

1. The best perennial hay crops for general use in Saskatchewan are Western rye grass, brome grass and alfalfa, either singly or in combination. The best annual hay crops are oats, peas and oats, beardless barley and winter rye.

2. Crops that are of secondary importance for hay are timothy, sweet clover and the millets.

3. The best crops for permanent pasture are brome grass, or brome grass and alfalfa mixed. Less productive, though useful pasture mixtures, are Kentucky blue grass or red top mixed with timothy and alfalfa.

4. The best crops for annual pasture are winter rye, oats, or peas and oats, or oats and barley and rape. Sweet clover, a biennial, may also become a useful pasture plant as it becomes better known.

5. The best soiling crops in the order of their possible readiness for use are winter rye, alfalfa, peas and oats, corn and rape.

Grain Growers' Sunday.

A sign of the times, surely, is the setting apart in the Western Provinces of Canada recently, of one Sunday, to be known and observed as "Grain Growers' Sunday." In Saskatchewan and Alberta this year, Sunday, June 14, was the chosen day, and in the churches, both urban and rural, services appropriate to the occasion were held, with revelant discourses, either by the pastor of the church or by an official of the Grain Growers' Association. Solidity is added to the movement by the virility and the numerical strength of the Farm Women's Associations, which play a very important part in all phases of western life — religious, educational and social. In his circular to Alberta locals, announcing the observance of the day, President Wood of the U. F. A. said:

"The Church in the past has placed its influence on making individuals better. The U. F. A. is placing its emphasis on making society better. Should there be a close connection between the two, or is there an impassable barrier between them? Does the church need a regenerated social system, in which its individuals can live together in accordance with the higher laws of life? Does the U.F.A. need better individuals to build into its social system? It is evident that we cannot separate the individual from society, or society from the individual. The U. F. A. should make close investigation of foundation principles, and should be told by the church whether or not Christian teachings offer any information that will be of assistance in social regeneration."

Make Every Hour Count

FOR the salesman, collector, contractor—the man who "must get there"—the Ford Runabout.

Through the traffic of the city, over rough country roads to the outlying town, the Ford Runabout travels rapidly and economically.

Ford Runabout $660. Touring $690. On open models the Electric Starting and Lighting Equipment is $100 extra.

Coupe, $975. Sedan, $1,175. (Closed model prices include Electric Starting and Lighting equipment). Demountable rims, tire carrier and non-skid tires on rear as optional equipment on closed cars only at $25.00 extra.

These prices are f. o. b. Ford, Ontario and do not include War Tax.

Buy only Genuine Ford Parts

700 Canadian dealers and over 2,000 Service Garages supply them. 131

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Wholesome, Nutritious, Economical.

McCormick's Jersey Cream Sodas

Sold fresh everywhere. In sealed packages.

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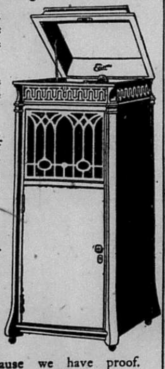

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Instead—there pours forth the voice or the music of the instrument, in all its natural beauty—pure and full, and indistinguishable from the living artist.

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RE-CREATES the human voice and the music of human played instruments without the slightest deviation from the original.

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R. B. Allen, - - Napanee.

TODAY

HELP HIM!

Support the Boys' Naval Brigades

Because these are the only organizations training Canadian boys for service in our merchant fleet now being built.

Canadians Must Sail the Seas

Because we cannot leave our growing export trade at the mercy of foreign seamen.

Canada Needs Trained Canadian Seamen

The Naval Brigades Train Our Boys

Aims of the NAVY LEAGUE OF CANADA

To emphasize Canada's opportunities and responsibilities on the sea.

To raise funds for the relief of our merchant seamen, injured in the war, and for dependents of those who were killed.

To maintain sailors' homes in our ports.

To train boys and young men for our merchant ships by the organization of Boys' Naval Brigades.

Patron: H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES

Dominion President: COMMODORE AEMILIUS JARVIS

$500,000 is Needed

Because the work of the Boys' Naval Brigades and the other branches of the Navy League's activities are financed by public contributions.

The Campaign Must Be a Success

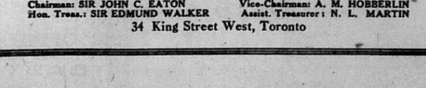
Because Canada must be assured that her increasing surplus products will reach overseas markets.

The Race for Export Markets

is on. One quarter of the world's shipping was lost in the war. Canada cannot buy or rent ships and so is building them, and must be in a position to man them with trained Canadian seamen.

NELSON DAY CAMPAIGN

for $500,000 October 21-22-23



"Canadians Must Sail The Seas"

Campaign Committee for the Province of Ontario:

Chairman: SIR JOHN C. EATON Vice-Chairman: A. M. HOBBERLIN

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Gray Hair and Hair Health

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hair dressing. Is not a dye. Improves stand bottle at all druggists, ready to use. Philo Hay Co., Newark, N. J.

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Fancy Barbadoes Molasses

by the Quart or Gallon.

Also Codfish, Kippered Herrings, Finnan Haddies.

FRANK H. PERRY.

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A DIAMOND

The thing of beauty that is a joy forever. The diamond never looks more beautiful than when mounted in the solitaire setting as we have it for this season's engagement ring—all you hear and read about the advance in price of diamonds is absolutely true, but in a stock as large as ours we have a good selection below the present market price.

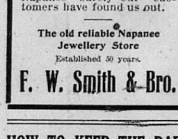
Surely seeing is believing. You are invited to inspect before you purchase.

We have bought and sold diamonds for fifty years in Napanee—surely our customers have found us out.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 50 years.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

HOW TO KEEP THE BABY FROM WORRYING



PUSSY-FOOT REGISTERED Shoes for Baby PATENTED

Buy a pair of PUSSY FOOT Slippers or Boots

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WEISS BROS.

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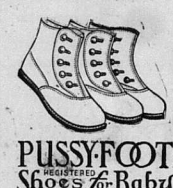

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Fresh Meats of all kinds.

NORMILE GROCERY CO'Y.

Successors to The Beverly McDonald Co.

East End Barber Shop

Everything neat, ; First class Workmen ; Cigars, Tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. Osborne.

One cent will buy a one dollar bottle of old fashioned hair restorer at Wallace's Drug Store Oct. 30, 31st, and Nov. 1st—one cent sale dates.

INTER COLLEGIATE SPORTS

The teachers and pupils of the N. C. I. turned out in force for their annual pilgrimage to Picton last Saturday. Four teams, junior and senior basketball, and football arrived in Picton at 10 a. m. to complete their inter-collegiate series.

As usual the Picton juniors greatly outweighed the diminutive wearers of the blue and yellow. From the very start the Picton huskies tried to mow down Babcock's juniors, but they always stood firm. Time after time Picton came down toward our line only to meet the faithful defenders of the first line, Clancy, Anderson and Kiltorin and when they did succeed in passing, the half backs 'Bingie' Benn and "Small-town" Perry were right there. As Horatius held the bridge, so Phippen defended our goal and stopped every shot. The forward line played well against their gigantic opponents, and many times on the point of scoring, were mowed down by sheer weight. On the whole the juniors played a star game considering their opponents' size. What they lacked in weight they made up in speed and skill and the game ended with an 0-0 score.

The senior soccer game at 2.30 p. m. attracted even a larger crowd, for the supporters of the garnet and white were determined to secure at least one soccer game. Napanee was weakened by the loss of M. Daly, who played so well two weeks previously but two new players, 'Nick' Carter and Harold Dunbar more than brought the team up to strength. A strong wind made accurate shooting very difficult, and it was not until the second period that 'Locksley' H. Gleeson" was able to score the first goal of the game for Napanee In the next period Picton's centre forward (and amateur referee) was able to rush in Picton's only tally, and these two goals completed the score.

It is hard to pick out names for special mention as all the boys worked so hard and well but the kicking of 'Militiades' Dunbar was a real feature. Rogers and Russell played consistently together and Gleeson and Mayhew often got away with the sphere, only to be stopped by hard luck or their opponent's skill. The captain, Babcock, was everywhere seen, especially when he was most needed, and the two other half backs, 'Mack' McLean and Dunbar seldom let the ball by but even if they did, 'Phoebe' Scott or 'Gundy' Paul were nearly always on the job. What they did not get 'Ivanhoe' Bill Judson stopped, except of course, Picton's one tally. 'Nick' Carter in centre was up to his old time form, so while the footballers did not win, they have yet to lose and will try to arrange for other games. For the series the scores were, seniors 3-1, juniors, 1-0 all in favor of Napanee.

If space permitted we would discourse upon the valient manner in which our basketball heroines performed. The same hard luck which they encountered here dogged their footsteps to Prince Edward county, and both teams were defeated, the scores being 30-18 for the juniors and 35-5 for the seniors. As it is we will only say "'Tis better to have scrapped and lost than never to have scrapped at all."

Miss Ross refereed the basket ball games and Mr. Halpenny the football games to the entire satisfaction of all concerned.

After the games the visitors were royally entertained in the Picton Collegiate and all said they looked forward to next year's games.

YAHOO

Cranberries, Sweet Potatoes, and grapes—fresh lot— at **H. W. KELLY'S.**

One cent will buy a two dollar guaranteed hot water bottle at Wallace's one cent sale. Remember the dates, Oct. 30, 31st, Nov. 1st.

Will all who have accounts with the Referendum Committee of Lennox and Addington please render them immediately as the committee wishes to wind up its business at the earliest possible momont. A. J. WILSON, Sec'y.

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will meet in the Board Room of the Public Library on Tuesday, Oct. 28th, at 3 p.m. All ladies cordially invited to attend.

Prof. DeWitt of Toronto University will deliver an illustrated address in Historical Hall tonight at 8. o'clock, sharp. No admission fee is charged and every one is welcome. This is sure to be a rich treat.

Men's Work Gloves

10 Dozen Pair of Men's HORSEHIDE GLOVES. A special purchase made months ago.

This is a leather that stays soft and pliable, and makes an ideal work glove.

Unlined 98c.

Lined $1.25.

WHILE THEY LAST.

The Haines Shoe Houses

NAPANEE,

Belleville and Smiths Falls.

PERSONALS

Mrs. S. R. Miller has returned from a month's visit in St. John's, N. B.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Bogart have returned from New York.

Mr. G. P. Carr becomes manager of the Dominion Bank here. Mr. Cottle has been transferred to Toronto.

Mrs. Alice Gibson spent last week the guest of Mrs. Eakins.

Mrs. Chas. Hawley, Ernestown, left last week to spend the winter with her son in Montana.

Mrs. Rae Richmond and baby are spending a couple of weeks with friends in Toronto.

Messrs. J. M. and Bev. Simpson were down from Toronto for the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Taylor spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Miss Strethel Walton, A.T.C.M., who came to Napanee to attend the dance on Wednesday evening, was the guest of her cousin, Miss Hattie Wartman.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Curran leave in a few days for Toronto.

Mr. M. B. Demorest, Melita, Man., is renewing acquaintances in Napanee and vicinity for a few weeks.

Mr. A. E. Paul is in Toronto this week attending the Sunday School Convention.

Mr. Kenneth Ham had the honor of meeting His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, at a ball held on Friday last in the Royal Connaught Hotel, Hamilton.

Mrs. W. K. Pruyn returned on Saturday after spending some months in Western Canada and Mexico.

Mrs. H. J. Sharp, of Prescott, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Vanalstine. Mr. Clifford Sharp came down from Toronto and spent Thanksgiving with his mother, Mrs. Sharpe, and his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Vanalstine, Robert street.

Mr. and Mrs. Cooper, and son arrived from Scotland at New York on Friday and came to Napanee to visit their daughter, Mrs. Marshall York, Newburgh, who has not seen them for over twenty years. Mr. Cooper is an old war veteran, he having served through the South African war and also a part of the late war having been wounded and discharged in 1919. He then took over the duties of instructor. His honors are Queen's medal, and five bars; Kings, medal and 2 bars; South African; 1914-15 star; General service and Allied Victory medals. Both Mr. and Mrs. Cooper received numerous presentations in the old country before leaving as marks of esteem, Mr. Cooper being an executive member of the Scottish federation of discharged and demobilized soldiers.

One cent has the purchasing power of one dollar at Wallace's one cent sale on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 30,31st, and Nov. 1st.

MARRIAGES

Taylor—Watson—At Newburgh on Friday, October 17th, 1919, by Rev. E. B. Conde, Ethel N., only daughter of the late J. E. Watson to Rupert D. Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. I. B. Taylor, Empey Hill.

DEATHS

Burns—At Napanee, on Monday, Oct. 20th, 1919, Ugean Burns, aged 1 year, 6 months.

Dellor—At Napanee, on Wednesday, Oct. 22nd, 1919, Perry Zina Dellor, aged 64 years, 11 months, 18 days.

Dr. Daniels' Veterinary Remedies cure all horse and cattle complaints. Ask for a free horse and cattle book at **NIXON'S** Drug Store.

A COSTLY IDEA.

Carbonic Acid Gas Would Put Out Forest Fires.

If the suggestion of a settler in Northern Ontario as to the best method of putting out forest fires had been acted upon by the Department of Lands, Forests and Mines, the Provincial Treasurer would have had to impose a tax on the use of tooth picks to meet the financial expenditure of the current year. The Department is in receipt of a letter from a settler suggesting that the best method of quenching out the fires would be to drop bombs of carbonic acid gas on the burning areas. It was figured out that it would cost the province $375,000 an acre to extinguish fires by this method and, with several thousand acres of forest involved, it would have cost the province millions of dollars.

Still another letter from an anxious mother, whose son was with a surveying party in the fire-swept area, pleaded with the Department to rescue him.

During the recent forest fires, the Department has taken every precaution and every step to stamp them out as soon as possible. The system adopted is, with the possible exception of France, the best in the world. It was recognized as being far ahead of the system in use in the United States. Hundreds of men were sworn in by the Department to help fight the flames. In the Cochrane district alone one hundred men were engaged, and at Porquois Junction there were fifty additional men. There have been cases where settlers actually refused to help the fire rangers. These settlers have been arrested and tried. Under the statutes the Department is given full authority to swear in extra men in case of such an emergency, and they have done so to the fullest extent of the capacity during recent fires.

Bring your basket to Wallace's one cent sale on Oct 30, 31st, and Nov. 1st—Thursday, Friday, and Saturday.

Rexall Orderlies; the mose effective and gentle laxatives for old and young—15c., 25c., and 50c. boxes at WALLACE'S.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

"Just Common Sense"

There are people who soar above, or live below the influence of good clothes; but to most of us good Clothes are a card of introduction to strangers, the armor of grace and ease to ourselves. "IT PAYS TO BUY BEST," which does not always mean paying the most money. Our Fall and Winter Merchandise has been carefully chosen, it truly stands up to our institutional policy of Quality and Value, which in these days of business means much to every man or woman who demands service from their wearing apparel.

THE ROBINSON CO., Limited, Napanee.

PLUSH COATS PORTRAYING LATEST AUTUMN MODELS

Since Salts Plush has made its debut into the society of winter coats the enthusiasm occasioned by its first presentation has never wained. On the contrary every new season finds it much more in demand than ever.

This season is no exception and in the whole family of fine fabrics there is none so adaptable to the art of skilled tailoring, none so adaptable to the season's prevailing styles as Salts' Esquimette Plush.

Strike conditions have left deliveries in an unsettled condition. At present we have a fine assemblage of garments ranging in price as **$40.00, $42.50, $45.00, $47.50,** and **$57.50.**

DRESSES IN SERGE AND JERSEY FOR AUTUMN WEAR

Styles change in Serge dresses, but one thing remains constant, their indispensibility —their obliga tions are legion and they satisfactorily live up to each and every one of them.

Fashion's fondness of long straight lines is evidenced in these wonderful creations. Many are handsomely embroidered, others are braided, others just button trimmed.

Sizes for school girls and grandmother and the rest of the family. Navy blues predominate while greys, browns, wines, and greens are represtented.

Priced from $14.50 to $60.00

CHILDREN'S COATS

6 to 14 Years

This season we have been successful in securing an unbroken line of Children's coats They are manufactured by a very responsible Concern who have made a reputation throughout the trade by handling fabrics of unusual quality. This, coupled with first class tailoring, leaves nothing to be desired by discerning shoppers

Coats are styled with high closing collars, have pockets, belts, and are button trimmed.

Manufactured from blanket cloths and whitneys. Colors of brown, grey, Green, Burgundy, and navy.

Moderately Priced.

NEW STYLES DEVELOPED FROM A NEW FABRIC

Well groomed women are choosing anutumn coats manufactured from fashion's leading fabric **"Silvertone."** Its beautiful soft texture magnificently lends itself to the prevailing modes, thus here Milady may choose wonderful garments in wonderful colors and graceful lines. In wraps of the better kind the 'Dolman' type predominates. In practically every instance these coats are satin lined throughout. Procurable in rich tones of grey, Browns, Navy, Taupe, and Black. **Exclusive but not expensive.**

AFTERNOON DRESSES—SILK SATIN, CREPE, GEORGETTE

In choosing your afternoon gowns readymade you have several distinct advantages. **You see them made up. We fit you before you order, instead of afterwards.** Your dresses are trimmed with decorations especially created Every garment is cut by an expert master tailor, which guarantees expert tailoring.

From our exclusive assemblage, you will find dresses expressing your personal charms, your own likes and dislikes.

We have dresses for your every occasion from morning until evening. Procurable in all the leading autumn shades **Exclusive but not expensive.**

SWEATER TIME

Pullovers, Coats, Sets, Scarfs

Your autumn and winter needs have been carefully considered and abundantly provided for here. Procurable are beautiful shades in all wool sweaters in the popular "pullover" or in the regulation "Coat" styles. Many pleasing innovations are added by way of ornamentation but greatest emphasis is placed on quality.

Shades in Begonia, Rose Sea Green, Mauve, Purple, Kelly, Maize.

Procurable too, as an extensive range of children's woolens, consisting of scarfs, sets, leggings, in all white and popular shades.

Favorite Fall Fashions

Prepairing for the approach of Wintery Weather

A Right Smart Collection of Piece Furs

As winters come and go the styles in piece Furs become more distinctive—more alluring and more "Sensible" shall we say? This season fur designers have more than surpassed any previous attempts. Furs have been created with an eye open to warmth and protection as manifested in this **"Right Smart Collection"** here for your immediate selection.

Predominating in short haired peltries are capes in various sizes, long scarfs and small ties.

In long wool furs the full animal shape is featured entirely.

Muffs are divided in popularity—the round—the half round—the melon and the muff with fur cuffs.

Our furs are excellent in quality and design and we guarantee our values to be unsurpassable. Our label is your guarantee of lasting service.

A complete stock of fine quality coats in Hudson Seal, Marmot, Muskrat, and Coon, is ready for your consideration.

NEW AUTUMN APPAREL CALLS FORTH NEW HATS

Style is the main essential in choosing a hat with the majority of shoppers. The lines, the angles, the width of brim, the flares, the highth of crown, in fact everything must be just right or else all is spoiled no matter what the quality or value might be. From our large assemblage of shapes and trimmed hats you will find a hat which has been specially created for your particular style. It just looks like you, it expresses your personal individuality. Then too we modestly boast that we give some thought as to values and to the quality of materials we use.

Each week we are adding new creations to our wonderful collection of trimmed hats. We guarantee to please every person in quest of smart millinery.

ROBINSON'S THE HOME OF EXPERT MILLINERY SERVICE

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

THE ROBINSON CO.,

LIMITED

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS